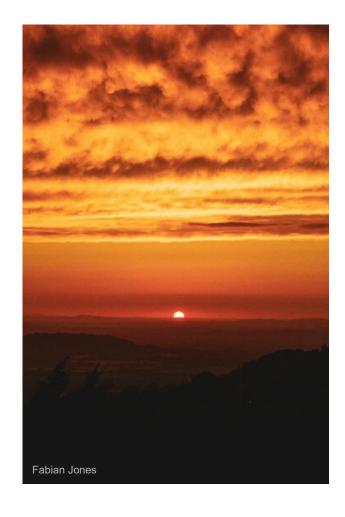


Climate sensitive infectious diseases (CSIDs)



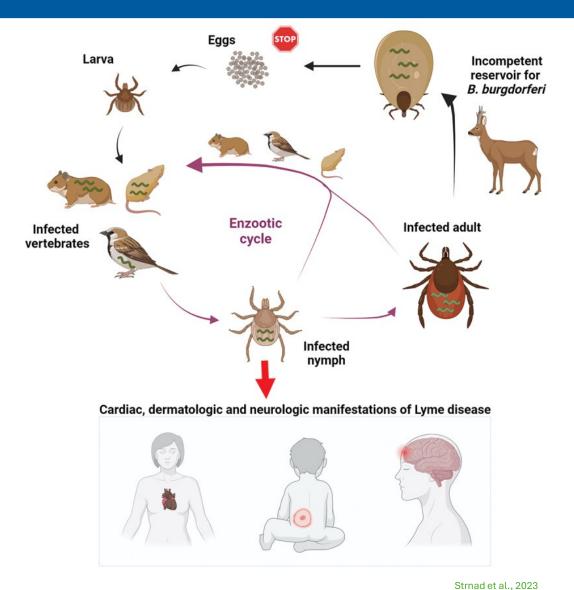




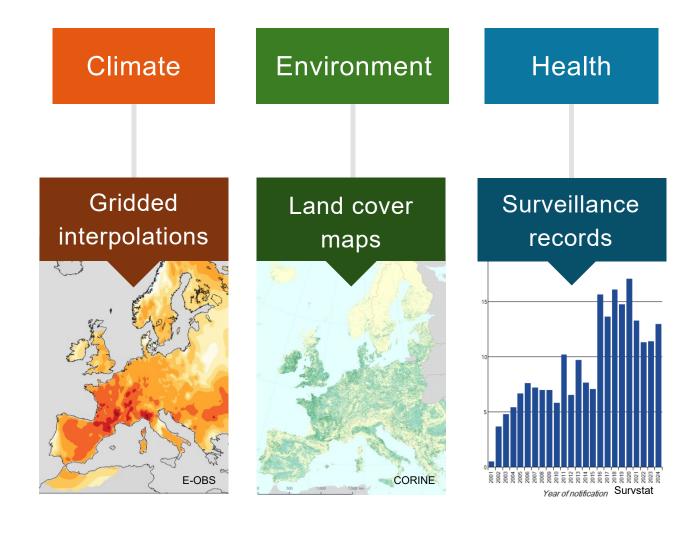
Lyme disease



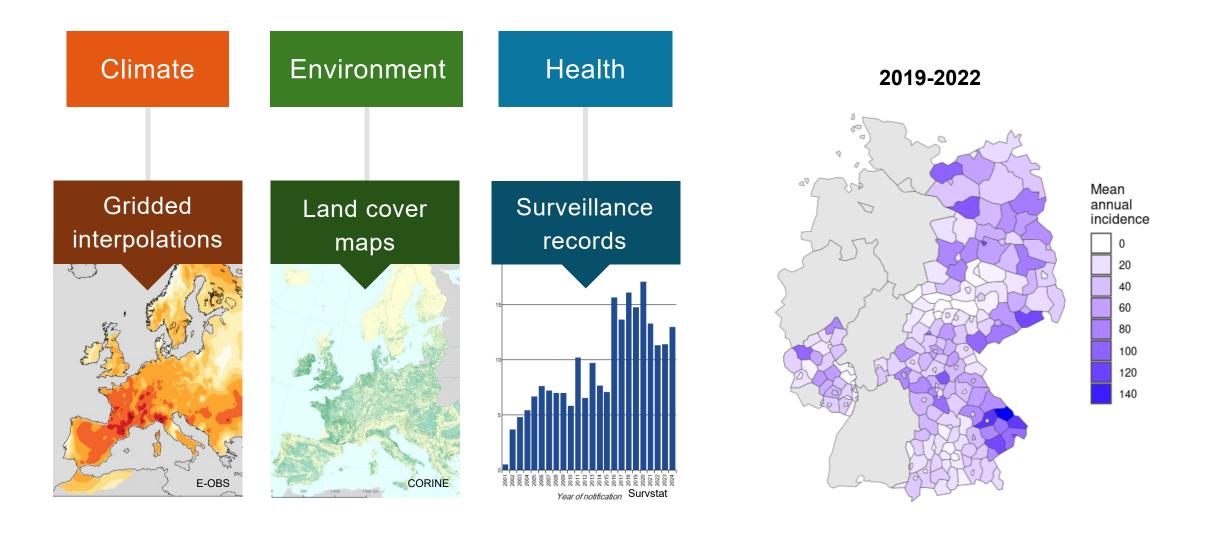
- Caused by Borrelia sp bacteria
- Endemic in Germany
- >128,000 cases in 2019
- >23 million euros each year in treatment



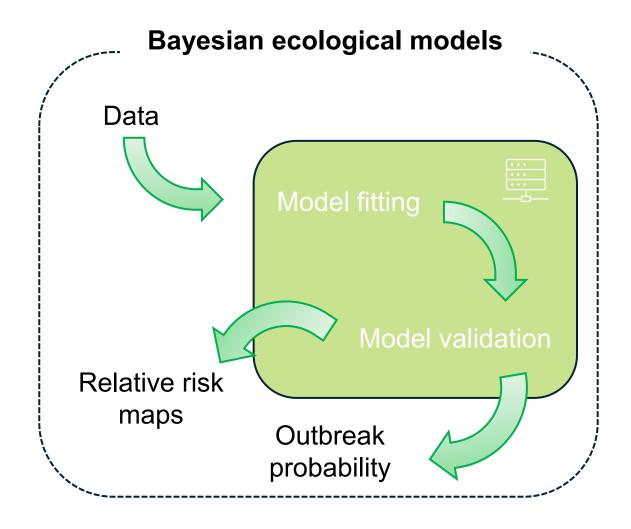
Leveraging publicly available data sources



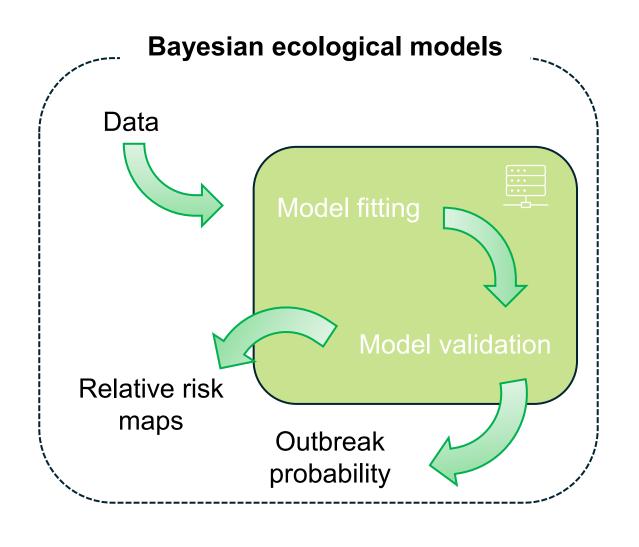
Leveraging publicly available data sources



Modelling framework



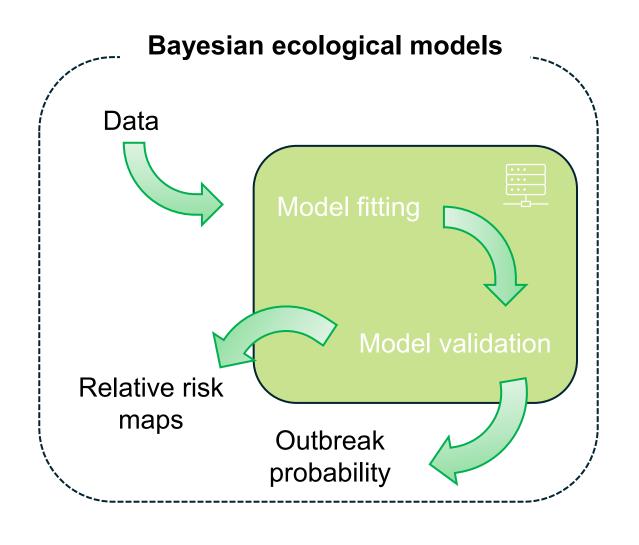
Modelling framework



$$Y_{i,t} \mid \mu_{i,t}, \ \phi \sim NegBin \ (\mu_{i,t}, \ \phi)$$

$$log(\mu_{i,t}) = \alpha + log(P_{a[t,i]}) + \sum_{k} \beta_k X_{i,t,k} + u_{a[i]} + \upsilon_{a[i]} + \delta_{m[t]}$$

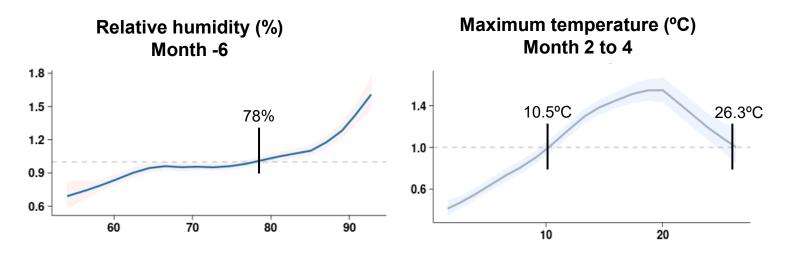
Modelling framework



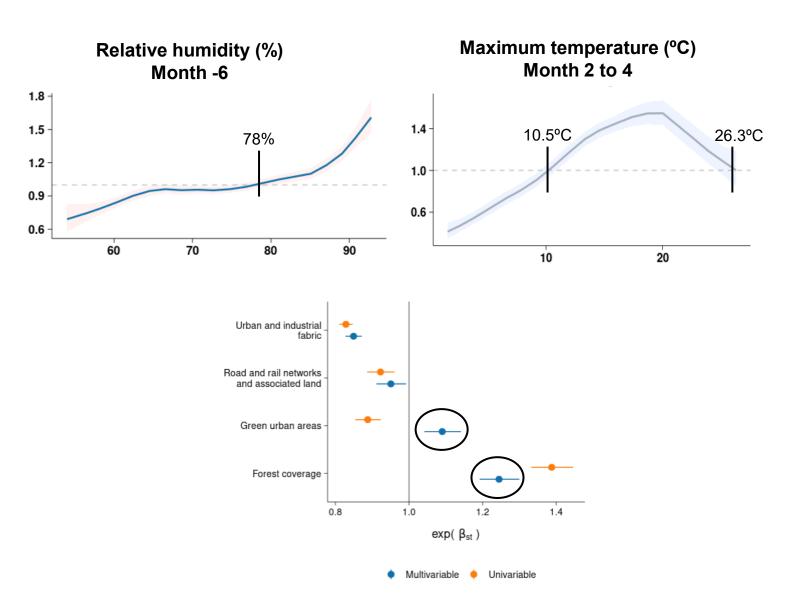
$$Y_{i,t} \mid \mu_{i,t}, \ \phi \sim NegBin \ (\mu_{i,t}, \ \phi)$$

$$log(\mu_{i,t}) = \alpha + log(P_{a[t,i]}) + \sum_{k} \beta_{k} X_{i,t,k} + \left[u_{a[i]} + \upsilon_{a[i]} \right] + \left[\delta_{m[t]} \right]$$

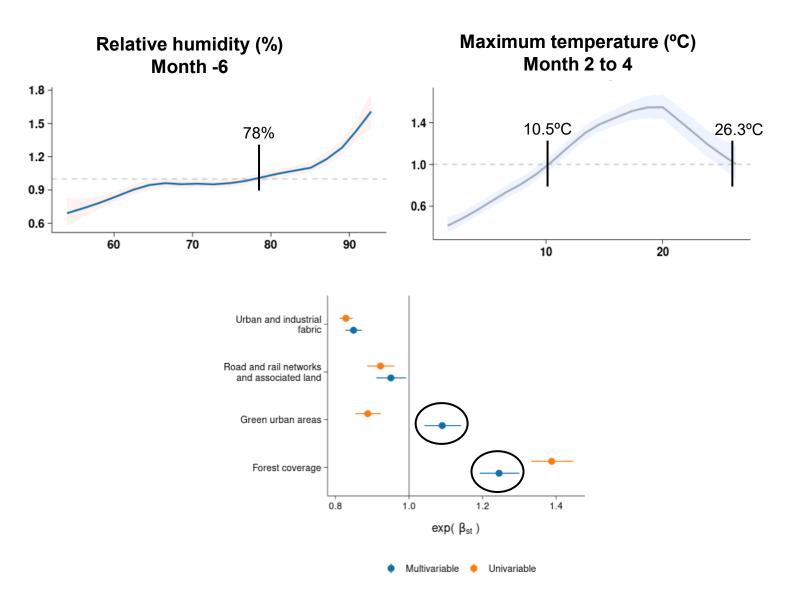
Climatic and environmental associations

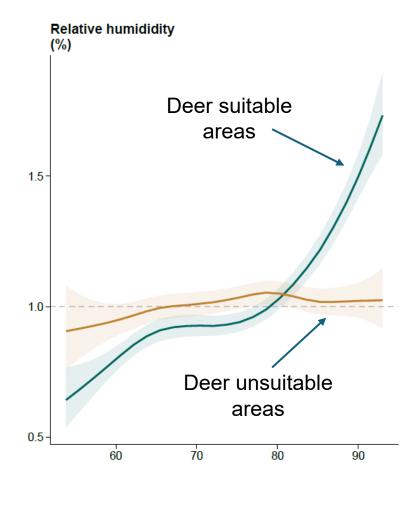


Climatic and environmental associations

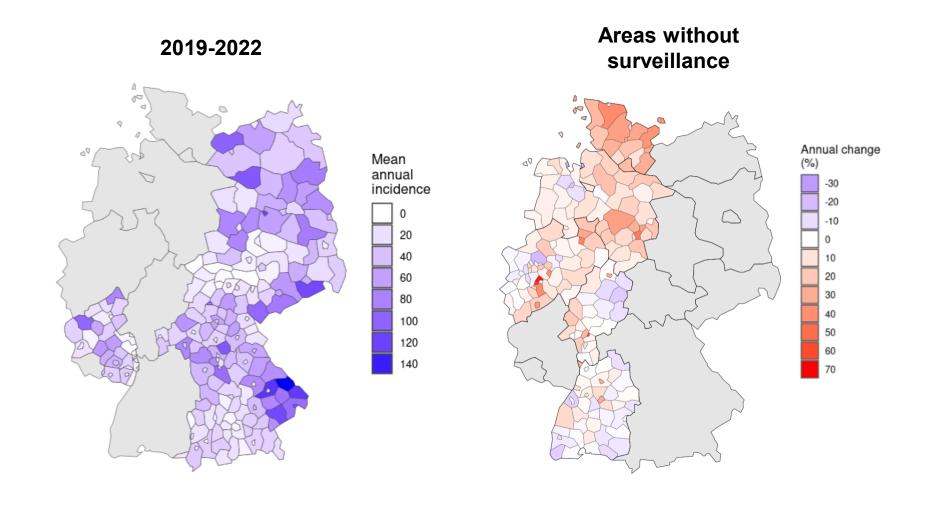


Climatic and environmental associations

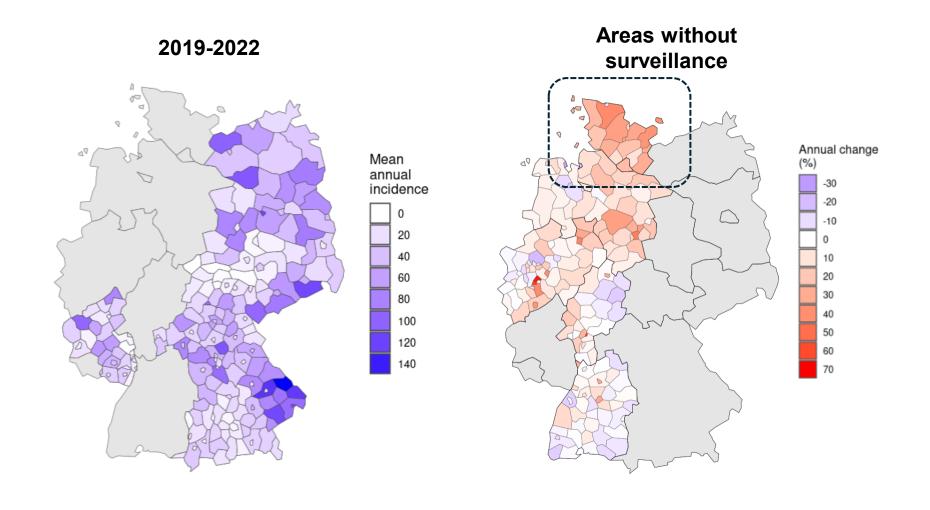




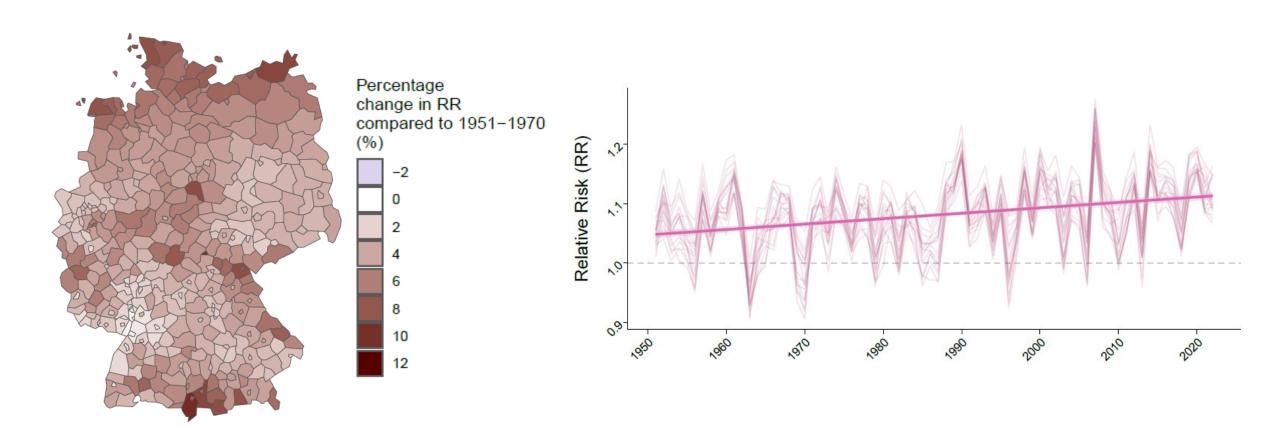
Areas without mandatory notification



Areas without mandatory notification



Long-term trends



Public health implications



Tailored interventions

- Urban planning
- Awareness campaigns
- Nationwide surveillance system



Outlook







Conclusions

How can we deliver actionable, tailored information to address public health needs across various scales and settings?

- Added value of integrating climate data into public health surveillance systems
- Disease risk prediction models to support evidence-based decision-making
- Required integration with public health agencies and stakeholders for coordinated action

