

#### 4th DestinE User eXchange

Using km-scale storylines to understand the impact of warming on extreme events



## What are storyline simulations?









### Storyline simulations

'atmospheric nudging' using ERA5 to constrain certain meteorological fields to recreate observed weather.

By varying background climate weather events are re-created in:

- Counterfactual (cooler around 1950's)
- Actual / historical (2020 climate)
- Future (warmer around +2C

Using the **IFS-FESOM** model at 9 km with hourly temporal Funded by Oktoben Union Destination Earth implemented by ECMWF @esa 🗲 EUMETSAT

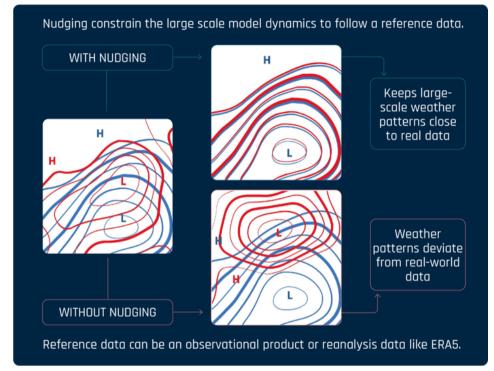


Figure: Graphical representation of how the nudging causes the model to re-create observed weather patterns based on observational or reanalysis reference data (ERA5). Credit: Amal John and Helge Goessling (AWI), (John, A., et. al. (2025))







## Do they work?







#### Validation - at a global

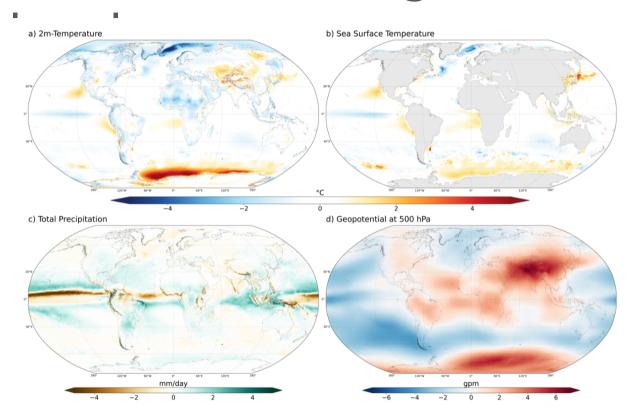


Figure: Mean bias compared to ERA5 over 2018-2024 for:

- a) 2 m temperature,
- b) sea surface temperature,
- c) precipitation and
- d) geopotential height at 500 hPa.

Credit: John, A., et. al. (2025)











#### Validation - Hurricane

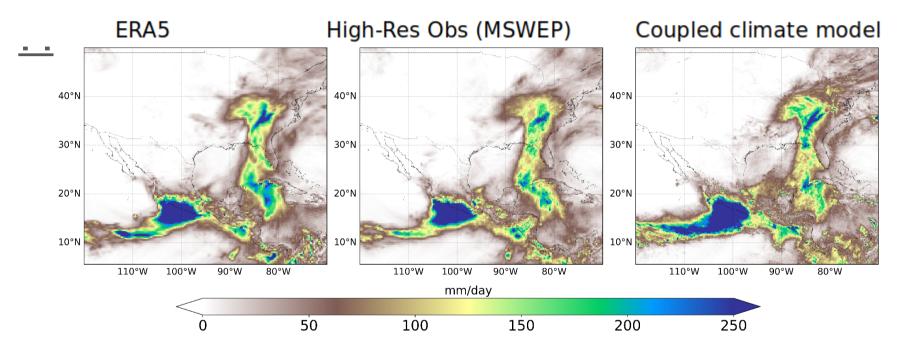


Figure: Accumulated precipitation 24-29/09/24 for Hurricane Helene. Left: ERA5 reanalysis, Middle: MSWEP precipitation observation product Right: actual climate (current day warming levels) simulation with storyline simulations. Credit: Thomas











## What can we learn? Valencian floods 29/10/24











#### Valencian floods

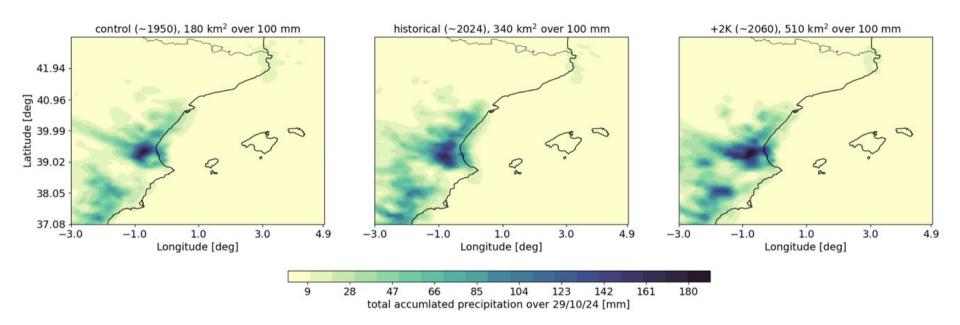


Figure: Accumulated precipitation 29/10/24 around Valencia. Left: Counterfactual 1950s climate (low global warming levels), Actual climate (current day warming levels), Future warming  $\sim +2K$  from pre-industrial levels.











### What can we learn? Storm Gloria 18-24/01/20











#### Storm Gloria

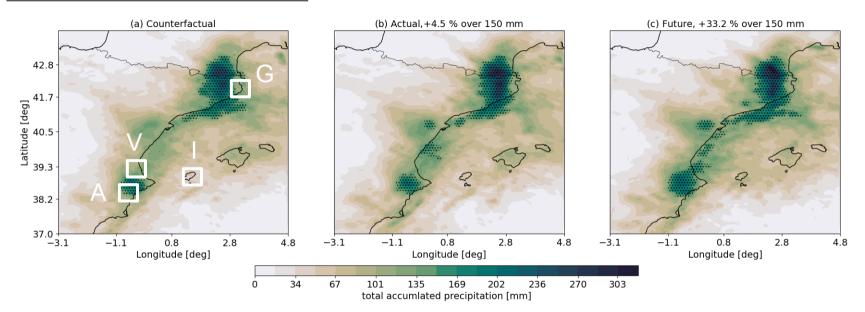


Figure: Accumulated precipitation 18-24/01/20 around Valencia. Left: Counterfactual 1950s climate (low global warming levels), Actual climate (current day warming levels), Future warming  $\sim +2K$  from pre-industrial levels.



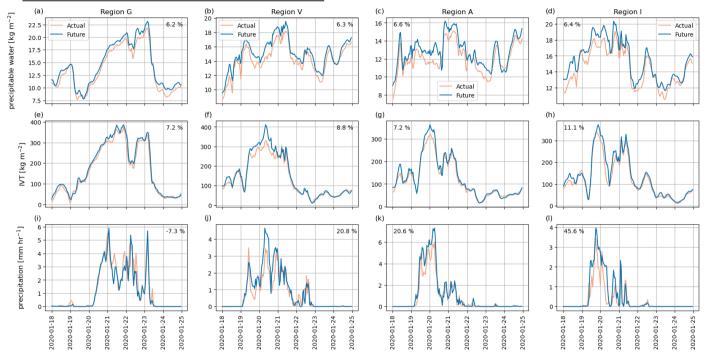








Storm Gloria



- Atmospheric variables (precipitable water, IVT) increase consistently in line with Clausius-Clapeyron scaling (7% increase per degree warming)
- However precipitation is highly regionally dependant, increasing over lbiza by 45% and

Figure: Time series of precipitable water, integrated vapor transport, precipitation for the scenario (pink) and Future scenario (blue) for the four regions containing Girona (hegion), s.

Region V), Alicante (Region A) and Ibiza (Region I).

the European Union Destination Earth implemented by ECMWF Cesa EUMETS

#### Connection with hydrological model

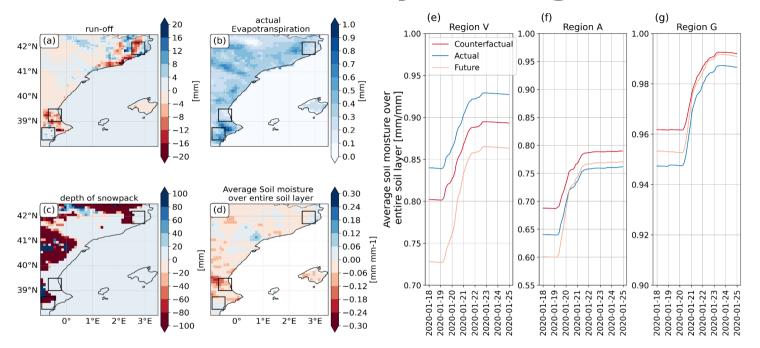


Figure: change in (a) run-off (b) evapotranspiration (c) snowpack (d) average soil moisture between the Future and Actual scenario during storylines. For (e - g) looking at the change in moisture over the difference soil levels for 3 key regions marked by the black squares. Figure credit: Jession Leal, Aparna Chandrasekar, Stephan Thober, (UFZ).









# Thanks! Ouestions?

#### References:

John, A., Beyer, S., & Antonio, S., et al. (2025). Global storyline simulations at the km-scale. [pre-print] 10.22541/essoar.173160166.64258929/v1









