

Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

# Modeling and predicting the dust cycle at BSC From R&D to operational forecast

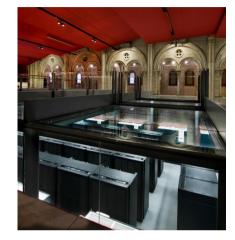
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### **Barcelona Supercomputing Center**

- Spanish National HPC facility
- Created in 2005: 450 employees
- Our mission
  - ✓ to provide *infrastructure and supercomputing* services to European scientists, and
  - ✓ to generate *scientific knowledge and* technology to transfer to business and society.

Earth Sciences Dpt.



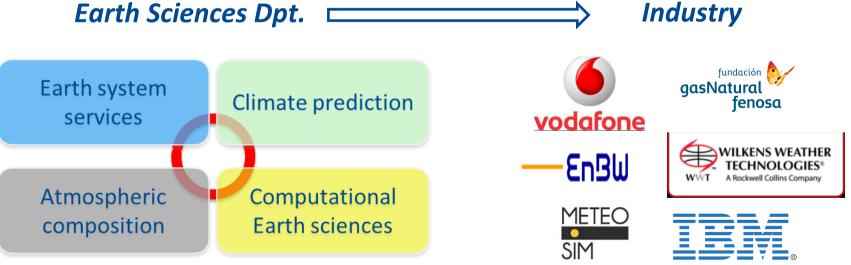
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BSC

EXCELENCIA



## **BSC Dust Services**

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# Applications

- Solar energy
  - Power forecasting
  - Mid-term maintenance planning
  - Site planning for new projects
- Transportation
  - (air) Visibility assessments for airlines and flight management
  - (ground) Transportation impacts

- Health
  - Early-warning system for people with respiratory problems



- Agriculture/Insurance
  - Crop damage

Contact us at: info-services-es@bsc.es BSC and AEMET are managing the WMO SDS-WAS NAMEE Regional Center (<u>http://sds-was.aemet.es/</u>) and the Barcelona Dust Forecast Center (<u>http://dust.aemet.es/</u>).





# WMO SDS-WAS programme



• Dust impacts have motivated the creation (in 2007) of WMO Sand and Dust Storm Warming Advisory and Assessment System (SDS-WAS) programme.

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The objective of this programme is to improve the understanding of dust processes and dust prediction capabilities.

http://sds-was.aemet.es/

- WMO SDS-WAS programme has 2 regional nodes, which are managed in 2 regional centers (RC):
  - NAMEE RC: AEMET-BSC, Barcelona
  - ASIA/Central Pacific RC: China Meteorological Agency, Beijing

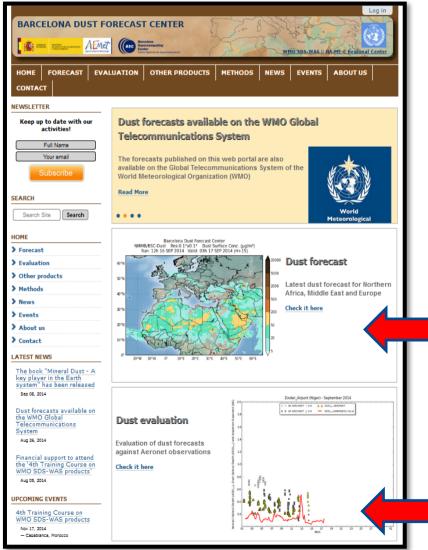
#### WMO SDS-WAS NAMEE RC:

- 8 dust models (e.g. NMMB/BSC-DUST, BSC-DREAM8b) → Dust forecast (DOD, Surf. Conc.)
- **NRT evaluation** (e.g. AERONET sunphotometers, MODIS)

# WMO Barcelona Dust Forecast Center



### ( WMO Barcelona Dust Forecast center (BDFC):



- ( It is the first specialized center for mineral dust prediction of the WMO
- ( NMMB/BSC-Dust model has been selected by WMO as dust model of reference for the dust forecast of this center http://dust.aemet.es/
  - Dust forecast (NMMB/BSC-Dust):
    - 0.1°x0.1°

- 72h (daily updated)
- Various variables (e.g. DOD, Dust surf. Con.)
- North Africa, Middle East, and Europe

NRT, monthly, and seasonal evaluation:

AERONET sun-photometers (e.g. AOD, AE)

## NMMB/BSC-Dust



### Nonhydrostatic Multiscale Model on the B-grid (NMMB)

meteo variables/parameters

NMMB/BSC-CTM

### BSC Chemical Transport Model

(gas/aerosol variables: mass mixing ratios)

- $\rightarrow$  Janjic and Gall (NCAR/TN 2012)
- $\rightarrow$  Janjic and Vasic (EGU2012)
- $\rightarrow$  Janjic et al. (MWR 2011)
- → (...)
- $\rightarrow$  Pérez et al. (ACP 2011)
- $\rightarrow$  Haustein et al. (ACP 2012)
- **AEROSOLS**  $\rightarrow$  Spada et al. (ACP 2013)
  - $\rightarrow$  Spada et al. (AE 2014)
  - $\rightarrow$  Spada et al. (GMD 2016 in prep)

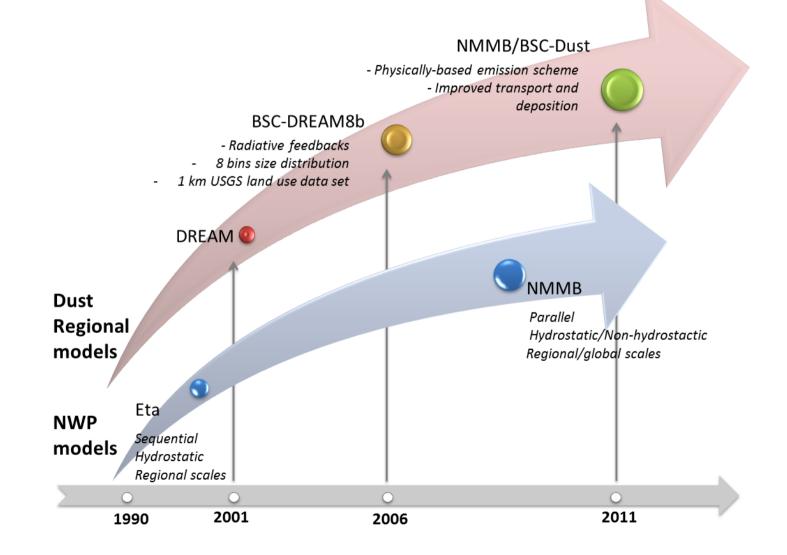
**VOLCANIC ASH**  $\rightarrow$  *Martí et al. (2017)* 

GAS-PHASE CHEMISTRY

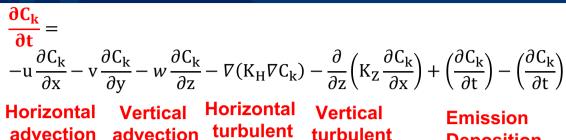
- $\rightarrow$  Jorba et al. (JGR 2012)  $\rightarrow$  Badia and Jorba (AE 2014)
- $\rightarrow$  Badia et al. (GMDD 2016)



### • NMMB/BSC-Dust model operational at BSC since 2012



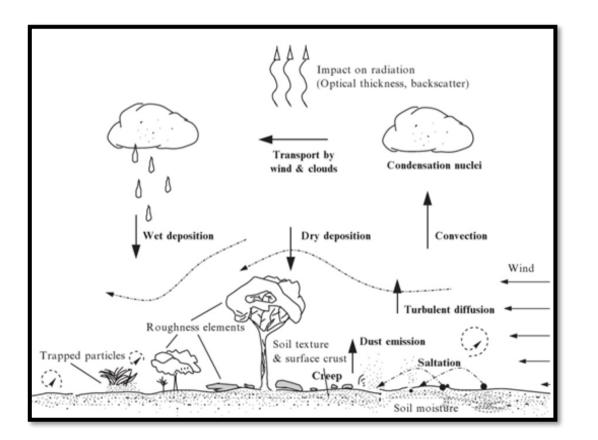




mixing

mixing

Emission Deposition





- Dry deposition: aerodynamic and surface resistance (Zhang et al., 2001)
- Gravitational settling: Stokes approximation, Cunningham correction factor. Both implicit and explicit upwind schemes available.
- In-cloud and below cloud
   scavenging from grid-scale (Ferrier Microphys.) and sub-grid scale
   (BMJ) clouds
- Below cloud scavenging
   (directional interception, inertial impaction and Brownian diffusion)
- Vertical convective mixing follows the BMJ adjustment scheme (instead of a mass flux scheme)
- Radiation: RRTM SW/LW aerosol
   radiative feedback



- Dust emission scheme:
  - Horizontal flux (H) (White, 1979)  $(u^* > u^*_{ths,i})$ :

$$H = \delta \frac{\rho_{air}}{g} u^{*3} \sum_{i=1}^{4} \left( 1 - \frac{u^{*}_{ths,i}}{u^{*}} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{u^{*2}_{ths,i}}{u^{*2}} \right) s_{i}$$

 Threshold friction velocity (u<sup>\*</sup><sub>ths</sub>) (Iversen and White, 1982; Marticorena and Bergametti, 1995; Fécan et al., 1999):

 $\mathbf{u}_{\text{ths}}^* = \mathbf{u}_{\text{tsd}}^*(\mathbf{D}_{\text{s}}) \cdot \mathbf{f}_{\text{h}}$ 

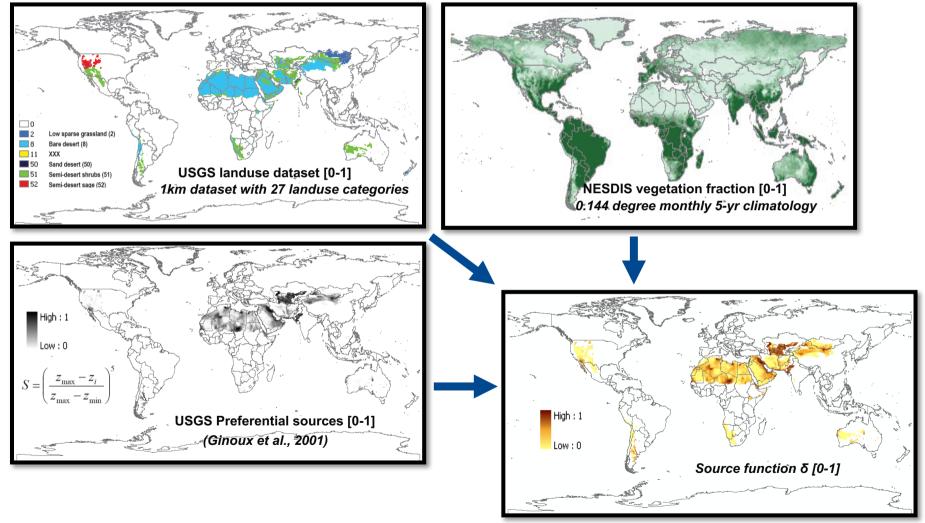
- $f_h$  = Mositure correction
- $u_{tsd}^*(D_s) = u_{ths}^*$  in dry and smooth surfaces
- Vertical flux (F<sub>k</sub>) (Shao et al., 1993; Marticonera and Bergametti, 1995; Tegen et al, 2002):

 $F_k \propto C \cdot \alpha \cdot H$ 

- **C** = Calibration factor
- $\alpha$  = The horizontal to vertical flux ratio (for each soil population)



### Source function

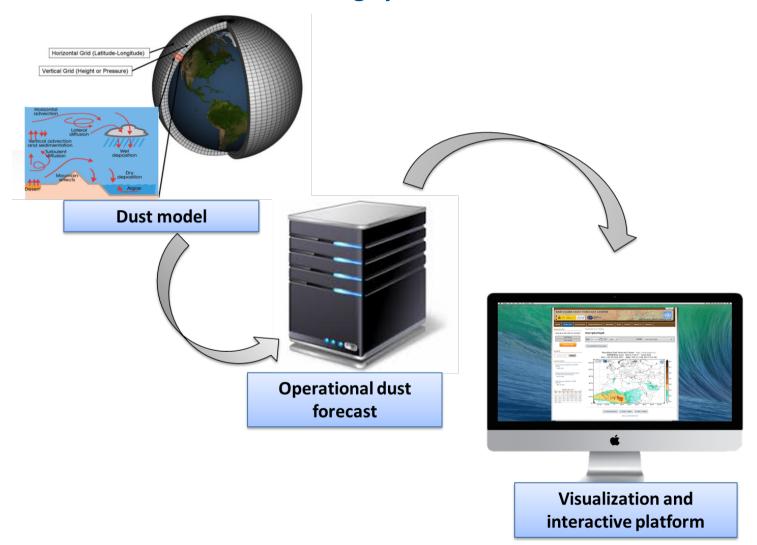


 $\delta = USGS \cdot PREF \cdot (1 - VEGFRAC) \cdot (1 - S)$ 





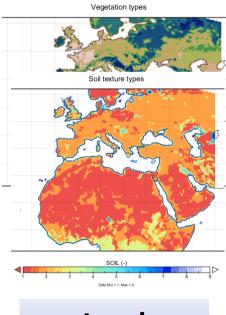
# **OBJECTIVE:** Development and implementation of a state-of-the-art **dust** forecasting system for Kuwait.



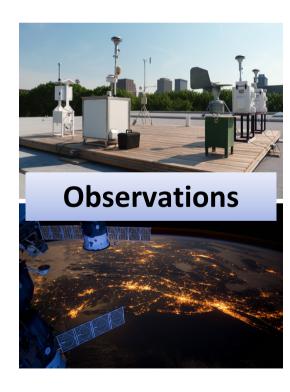


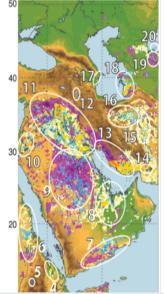
### **WP1 SDS characterization over Kuwait**

- Task 1.1. Compilation of available dust information for the study region.
- Task 1.2. Aerosol characterization and identification of the desert dust sources.

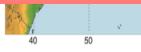


Land databases







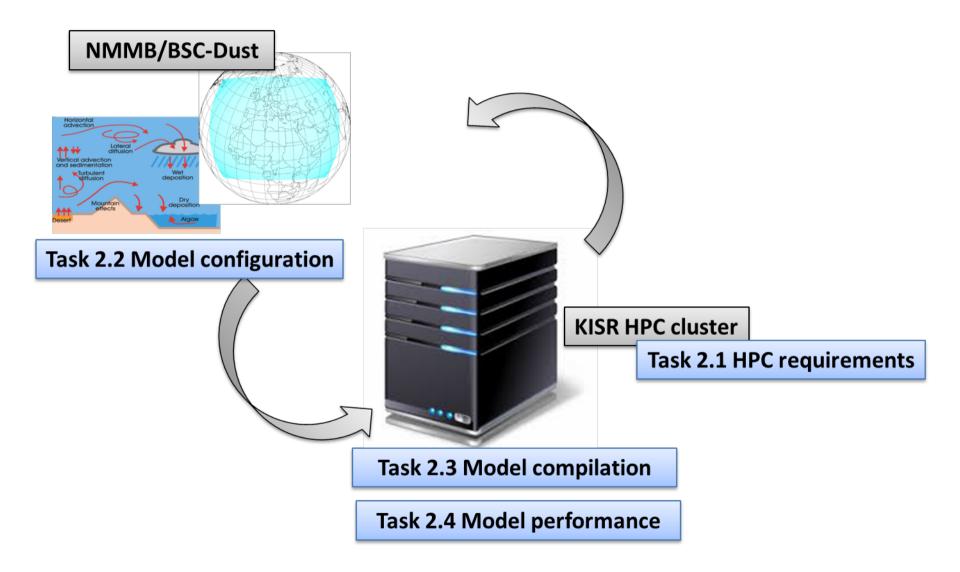




### WP2 Implementation of the dust forecasting-modelling system

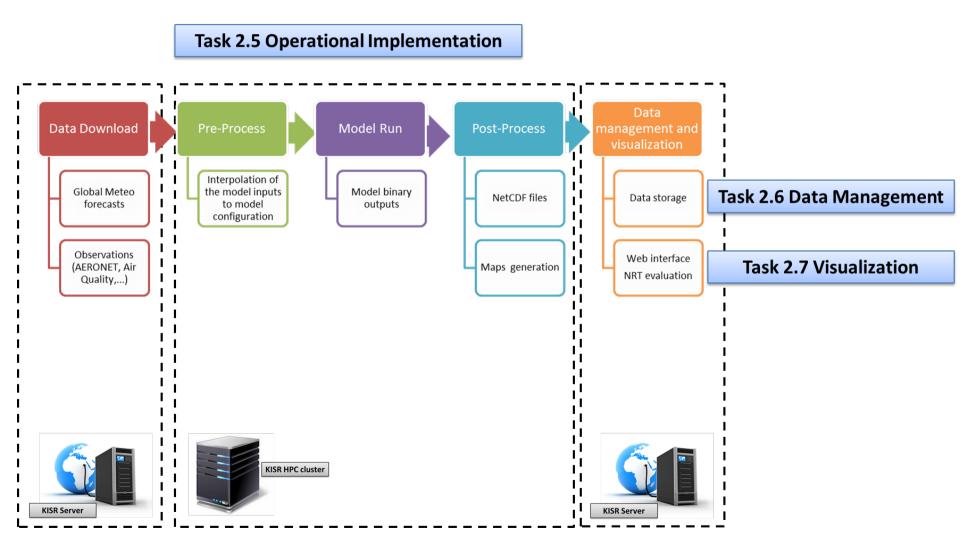
- Task 2.1 HPC resource requirements.
- Task 2.2 Model configuration.
- Task 2.3 Model compilation and testing.
- Task 2.4 Improvement of the model performance.
- Task 2.5 Operational Implementation.
- Task 2.6 Data Management.
- Task 2.7 Visualization interface.





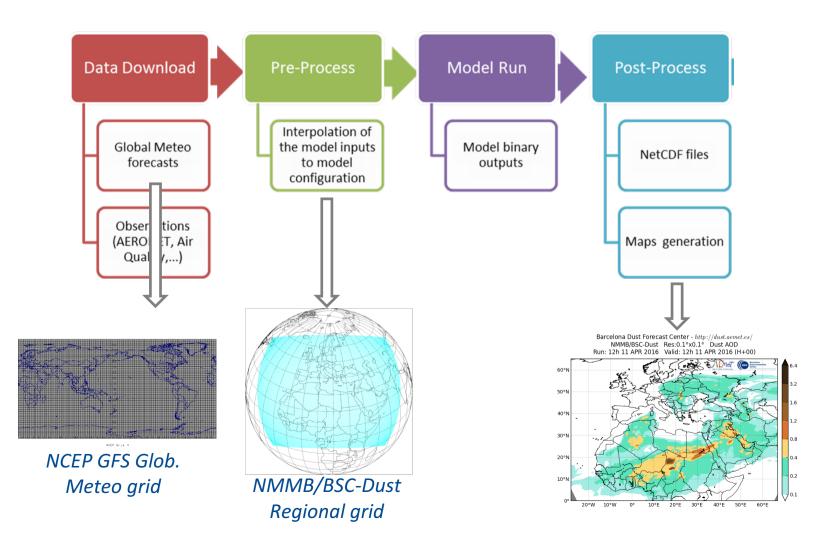
### K-Dust project: WP2







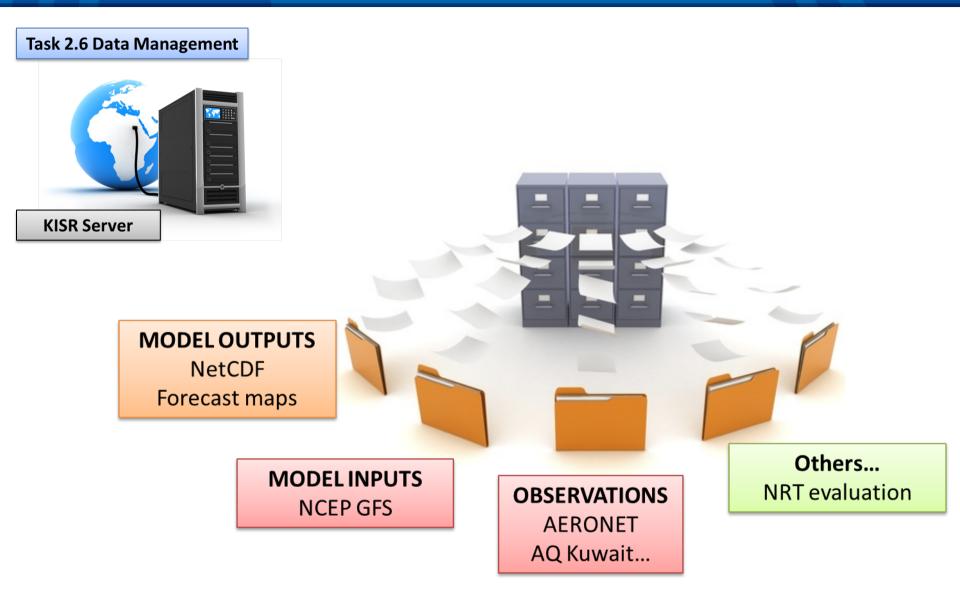
#### Task 2.5 Operational Implementation



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### K-Dust project: WP2



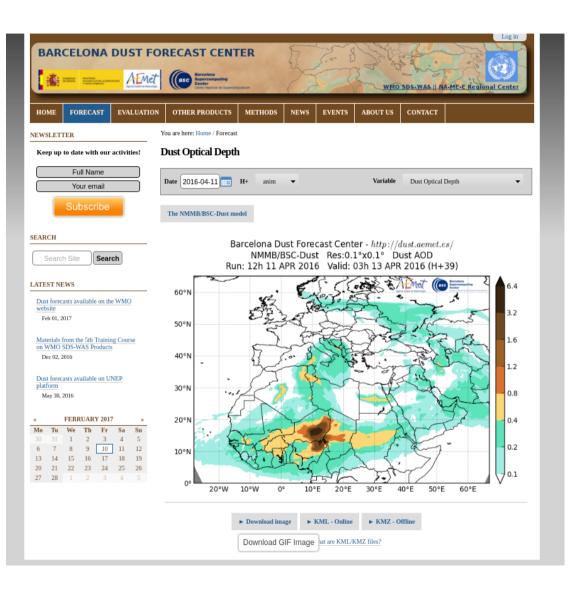


### K-Dust project: WP2



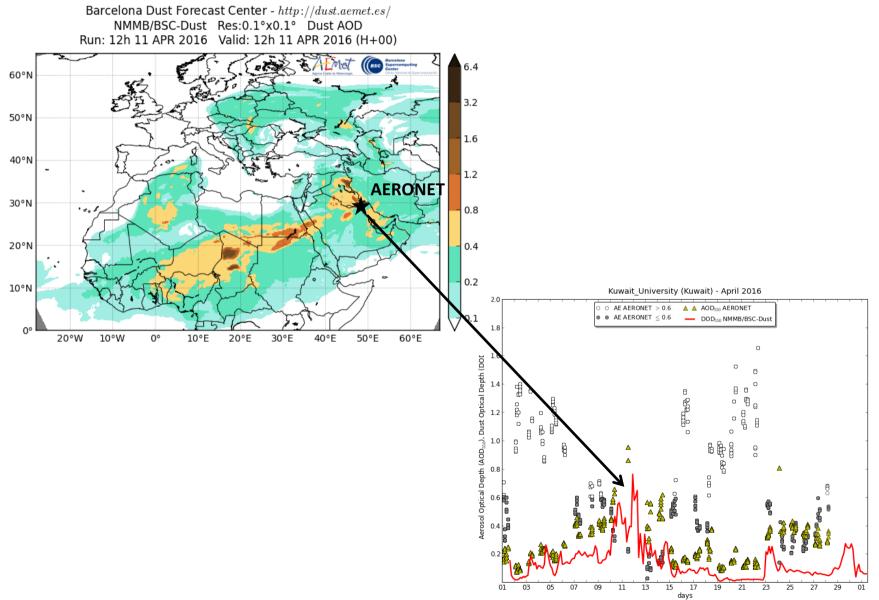
#### **Task 2.7 Visualization**





### K-Dust project: 11 April 2016







### WP3 Capacity building and training

- Task 3.1. Dust forecasting skills and analysis of dust from observations.
  - Dust observations and forecasting models.
  - Manipulation of scientific formats
- Task 3.2. Implementation and maintenance of a dust forecasting system.
  - Compilation of the NMMB/BSC-Dust model.
  - Operational system: download input data, pre-processing, model execution and post-processing.
  - The NMMB/BSC-Dust model: parameterizations and main routines of the model code.
  - Data management (storage/archive) and web-interface.



PROJECT	: Kuwait Dus	Kuwait Dust Forecasting System K-Dust						
Acrony	m K-Dust							
Duratio	n: 2 years							
		1st year	2nd yea		2nd year	r		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6		
WP1: Desert dust characterisation								
Task 1.1 Compilation of available information		M1.1		D1.1				
Task 1.2 Aerosol characterisation and desert sources indentification			D1.2					
WP2: Dust forecasting system								
Task 2.1 HPC resource requirements		M2.1	D2.1					
Task 2.2 Model configuration			M2.2					
Task 2.3 Model compilation and testing				M2.3				
Task 2.4 Improvement of the model performance				D2.2				
Task 2.5 Operational Implementation					M2.4	D2.3		
Task 2.6 Data Management			M2.5		D2.3			
Task 2.7 Visualization interface						D2.5		
WP3: Capacity building								
Task 3.1 Dust forecasting skills and observations	D3.1/M3.1	D3.2/M3.2						
Task 3.2 Implementation and maintainance of a dust forecasting system			D3.3/M3.3	D3.4/M3.4	D3.5/M3.5	D3.6/M3.		



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### Thank you!

Thanks to NASA AERONET, NASA MODIS, U.K. Met Office MSG, MSG EUMETSAT and EOSDIS World Viewer principal investigators and scientists for establishing and maintaining data used.

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