

Earth System Services initiative

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The ESS initiative

Develops on the 5 pillars defined in the Global Framework for Climate Services



win-win Our solutions sustainability environmental or

actions that at the same time

(GFCS) from the World Meteorological Organization (WMO): observations and monitoring; research, modelling and prediction; climate service information system; user interface platform; and capacity development.

An example of what we do regarding four of these pillars is given below. You can access the different services using the QR code.





Data on the concentration of main regulated the air pollutants is used for the activation of air quality protocols to protect exposed population in cities. Also, mitigation actions such as the increasing use of electric vehicles are fostered.

CALIOPE predictions are used in smart city platforms that private companies provide to local authorities to incorporate air quality and other big data in the daily management of cities.

MINERAL DUST FORECASTING - MONARCH





Online platform that provides predictions of next season's hurricane activity issued by different centers specialized in Atlantic North hurricane prediction. This is useful as early-warning system for society.

Knowing how the hurricane season is going to be is useful for the insurance sector in terms of risk evaluation. Among many other types of information, companies insurance use hurricanes prediction to estimate future losses and determine prices for the coverage offered.





We host two WMO regional centers on atmospheric sand and dust forecasting, providing early-warning systems to National Meteorological Services, useful for instance to inform people with cardiorespiratory diseases.

Mineral dust forecasts are useful aviation operators for to anticipate the negative effects of dust on visibility. This minimizes significantly business losses.

Increasing renewable energy in the energy mix contributes to decarbonisation of the economy, that helps to reach the Paris Agreement. It aligns Sustainable with the Development Goal #7 on affordable and clean energy.

Understanding and quantifying climate conditions weeks and months in advance can improve decision-making the of renewable energy producers (e.g. wind, hydropower, solar energy...). This can better ensure that energy supply matches electricity demand.











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