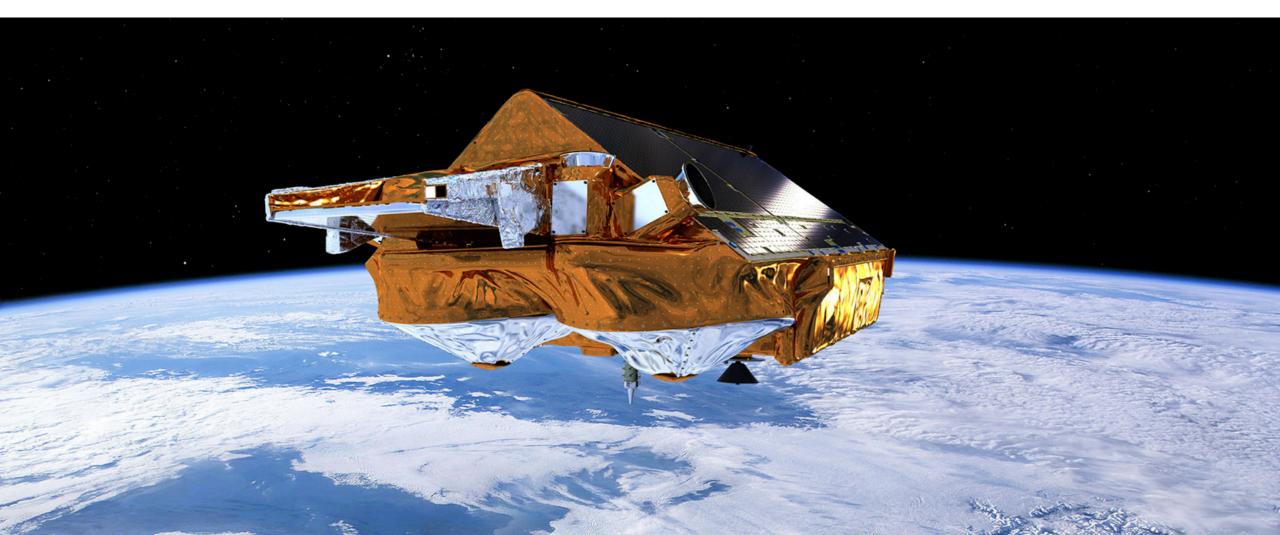
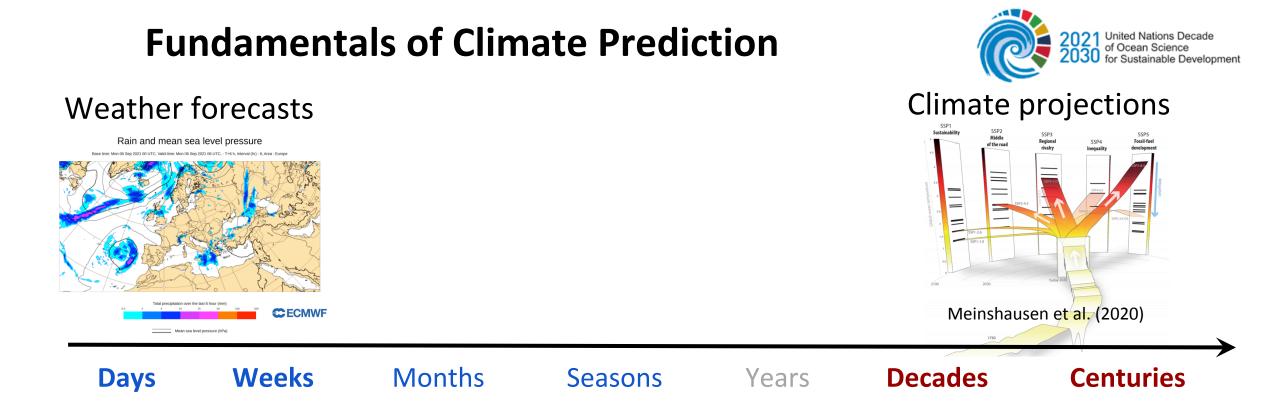
Exploiting observations to improve the predictive capacity in the Arctic, including its climate impacts

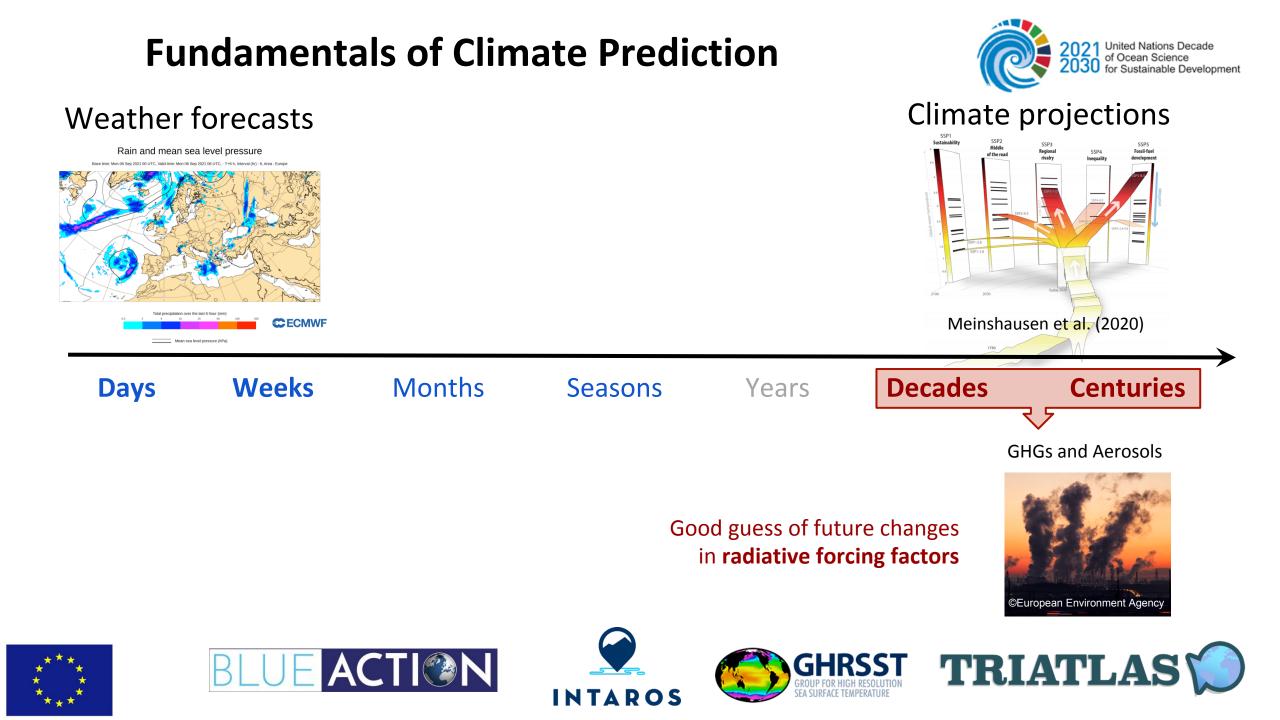


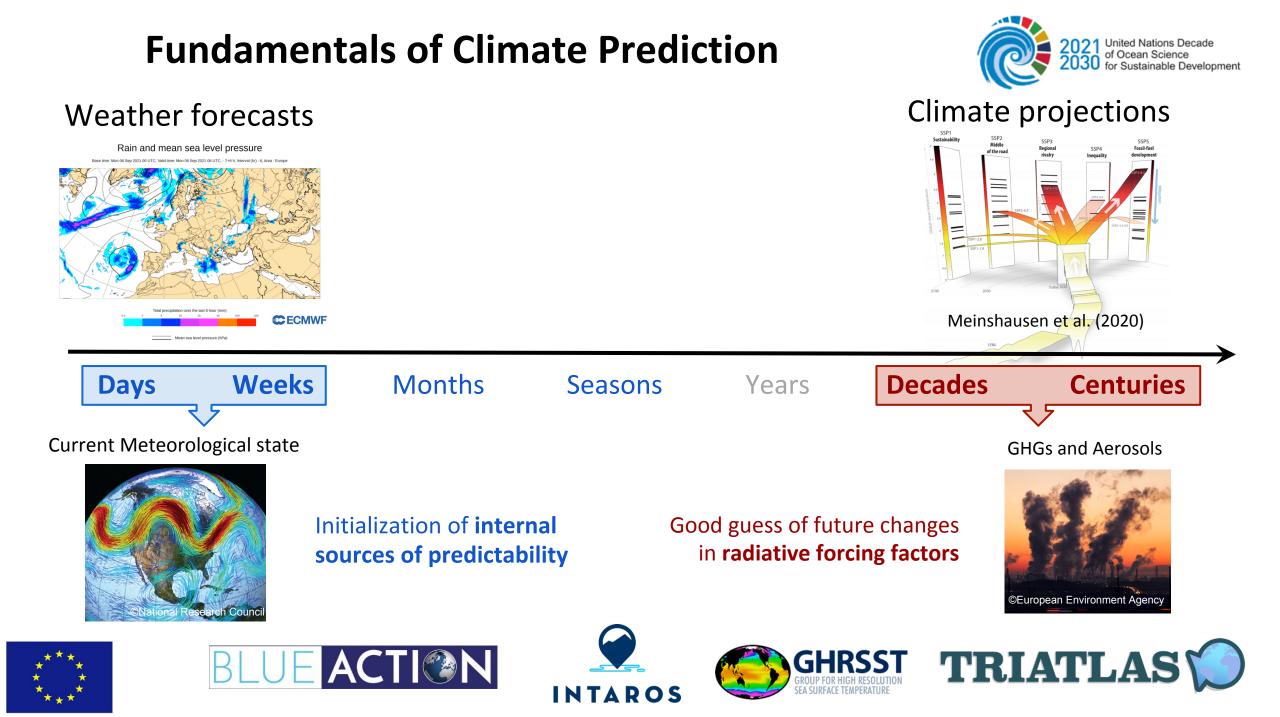
Dr. Pablo Ortega Barcelona Supercomputing Center

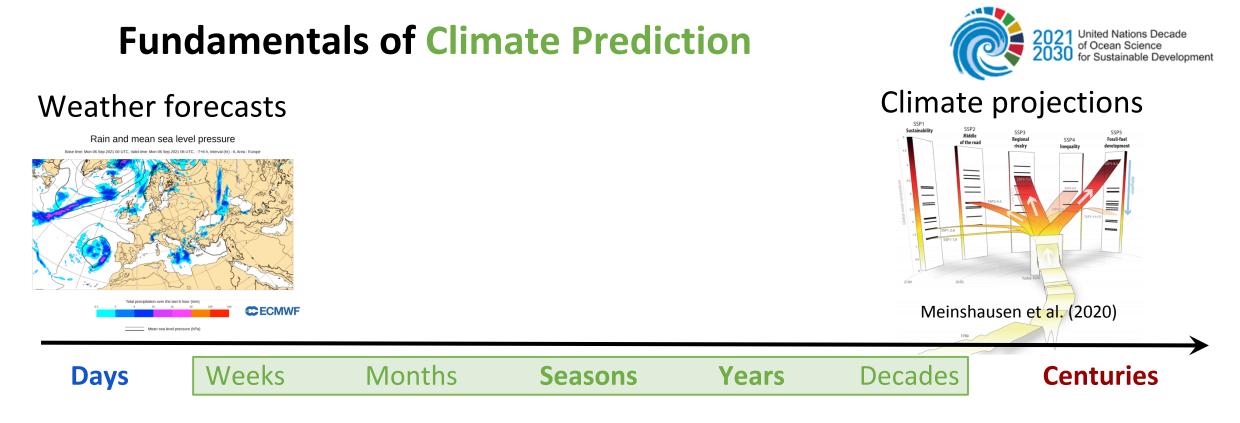






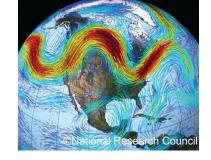






Current Meteorological state

GHGs and Aerosols



Initialization of **internal** sources of predictability

Good guess of future changes in **radiative forcing factors**



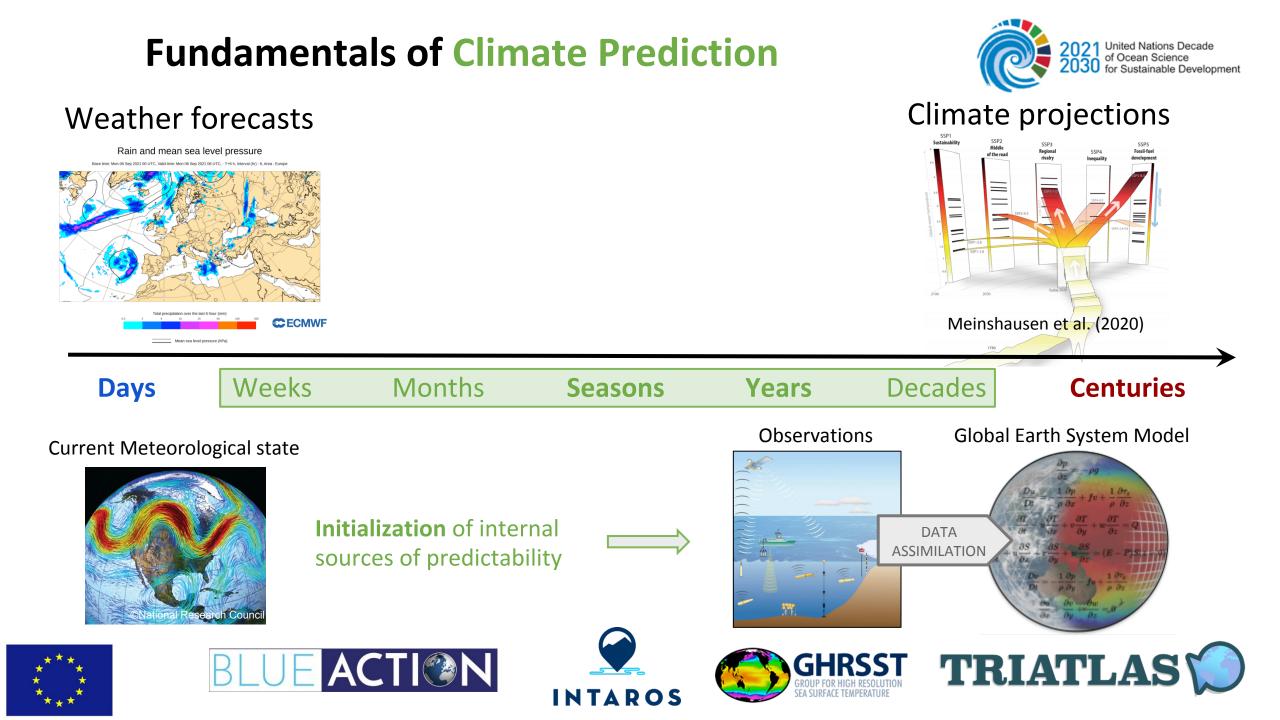


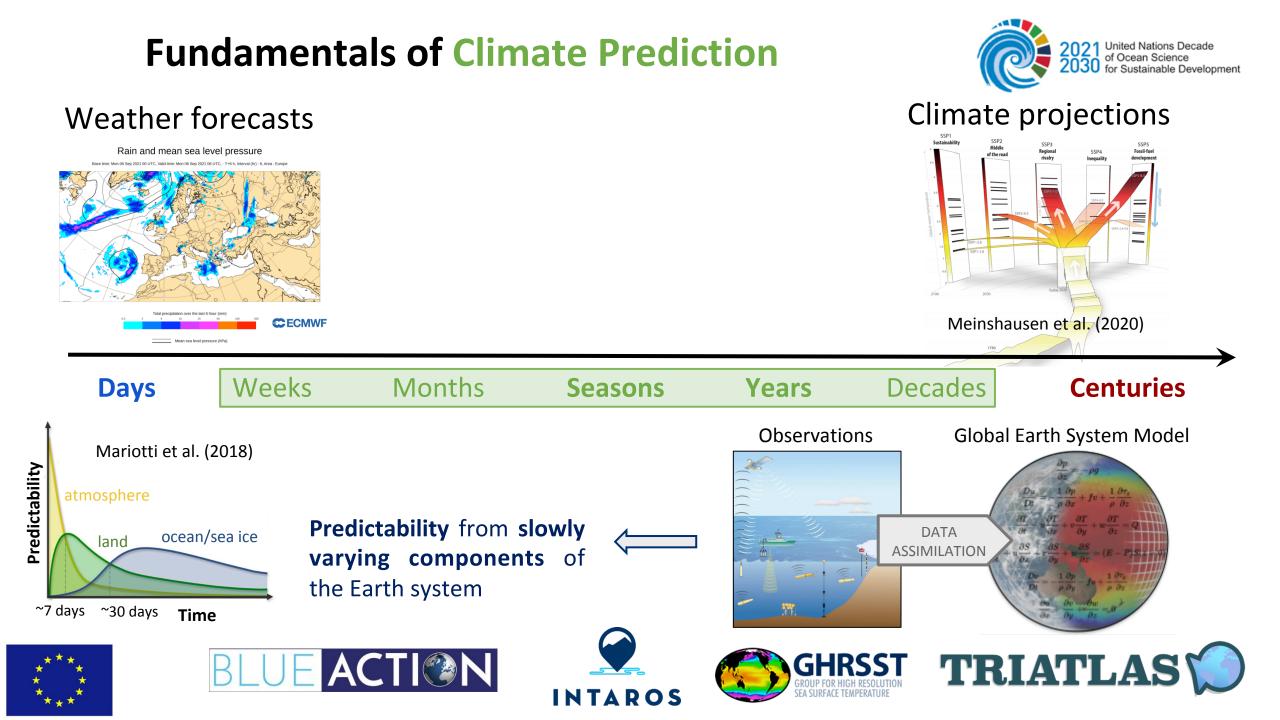


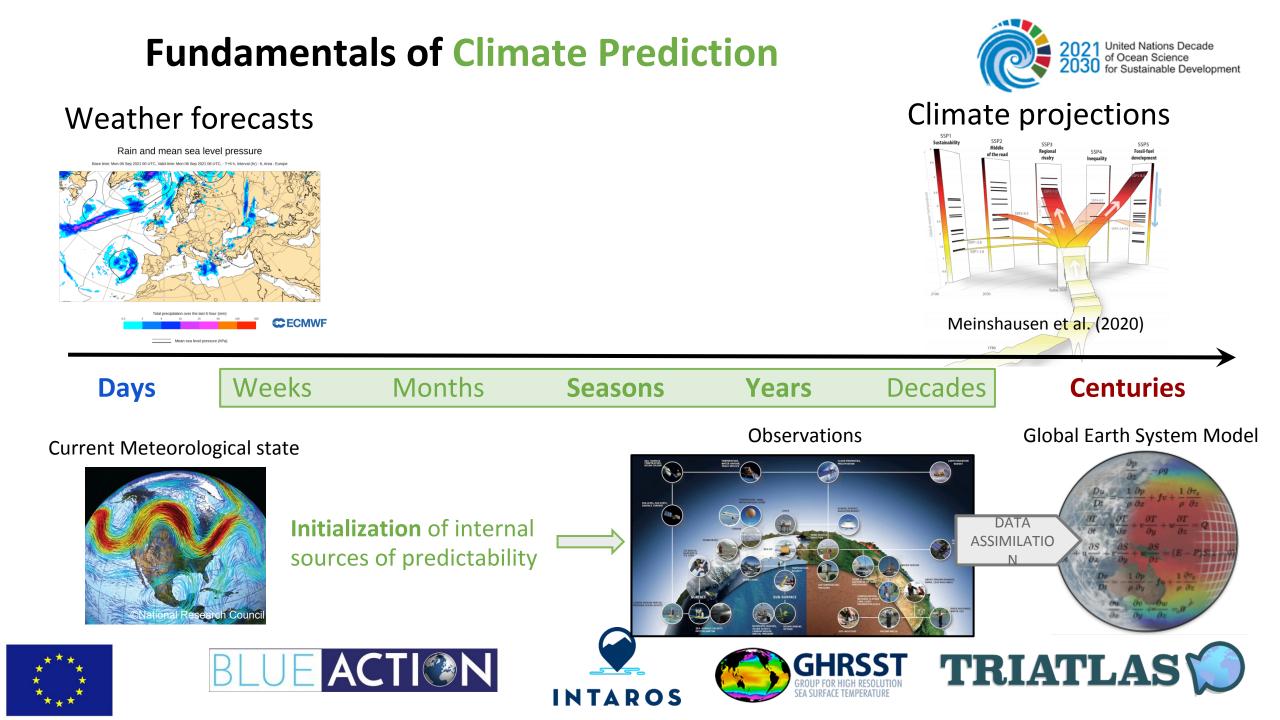






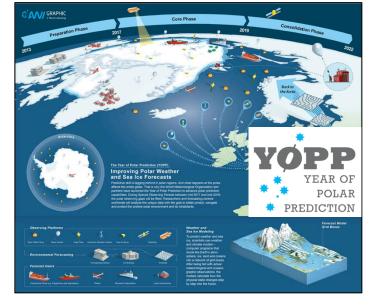






A growing network of Arctic observations





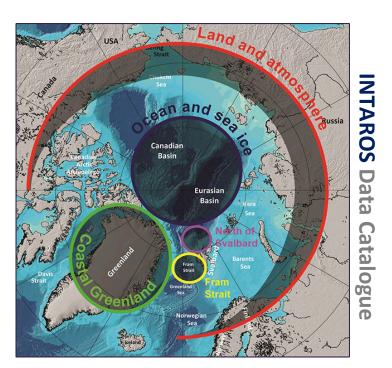


Contract signed to build Arctic weather satellite









Ocean moorings, Weather stations, Cruise Campaigns Satellites, Supersites, Gliders, Floats,...





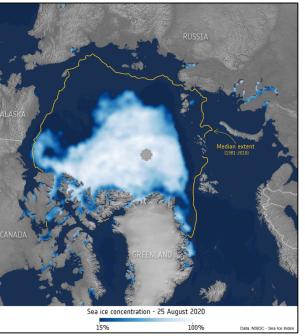


A growing network of Arctic observations



Satellite data are particularly useful for Arctic climate prediction

- Several decades of **uninterrupted spatially continuous fields** are already available covering the whole Arctic region
- This includes key variables for the Arctic such as: -
 - Sea ice concentration (since 1979) -
 - Sea ice thickness (since 2002) -
- Thanks to their homogeneity in time and space, satellite data can be **easily assimilated** for forecast initialization









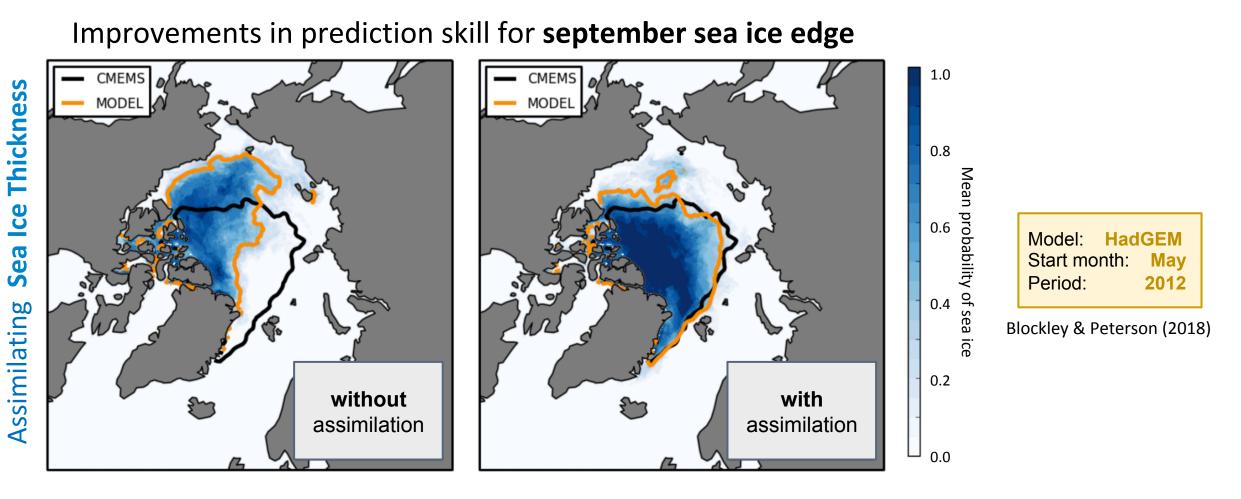




Sea ice concentration - 25 August 2020

Benefits of assimilating sea ice data (on Arctic)











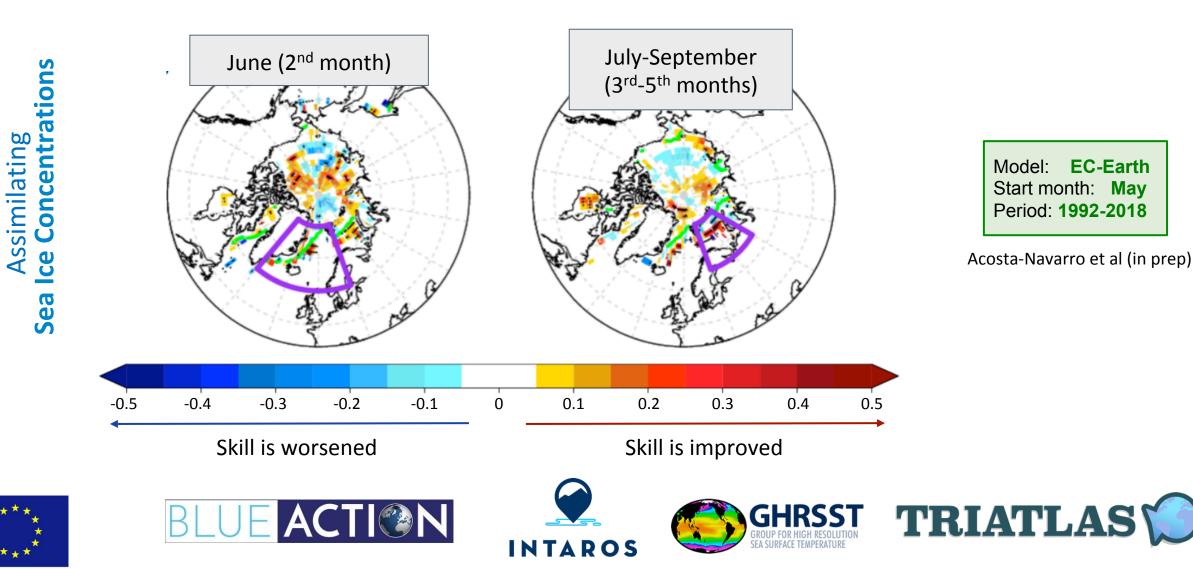




Benefits of assimilating sea ice data (on Arctic)



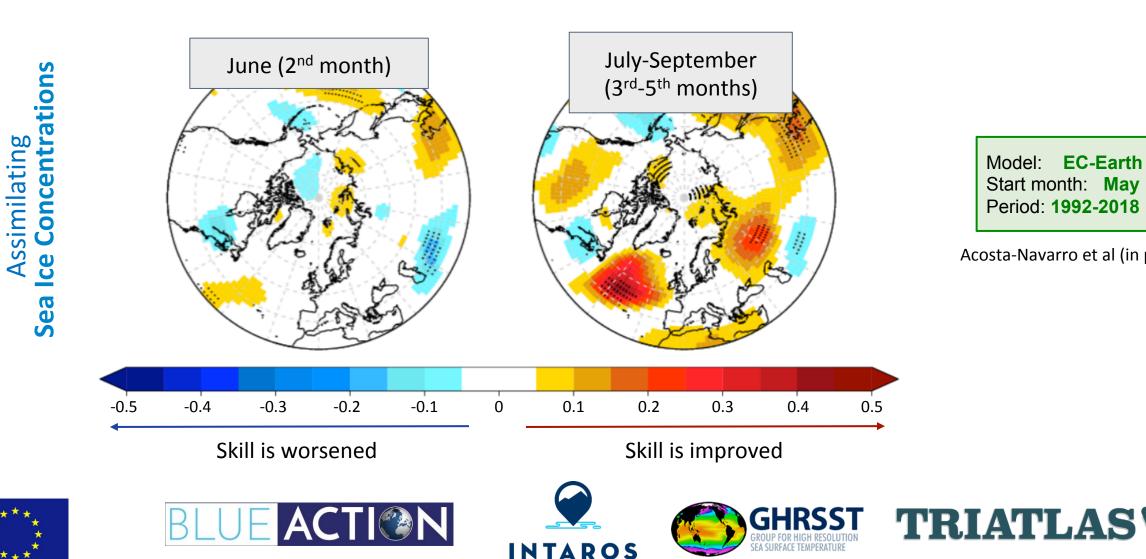
Improvements in prediction skill for summer sea ice concentrations



Benefits of assimilating sea ice data (beyond)



Improvements in prediction skill for summer atmospheric circulation





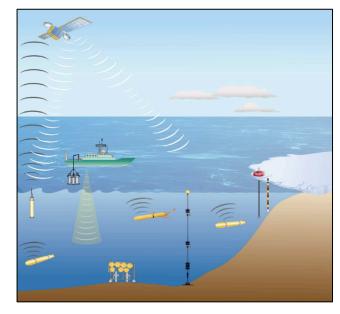
Acosta-Navarro et al (in prep)

Take home messages



- Arctic climate predictions are improving their accuracy (and usefulness), benefiting from the increased observational network in the region
- Benefits in prediction skill are also tangible beyond the Arctic
- Outside of the Arctic, ocean campaigns, targeting in particular the ocean subsurface, are also critical to improve our understanding of the processes that govern the ocean circulation, its impacts on decadal variability (including the North Atlantic Cold Blob), and their **predictability**.

Sustained **observations are essential** to maintain and further develop current climate prediction capabilities













Key take home messages



- Arctic climate predictions are improving their accuracy (and usefulness), benefiting from the increased observational network in the region
- Benefits in prediction skill are also tangible beyond the Arctic
- Outside of the Arctic, ocean campaigns, targeting in particular the ocean subsurface, which have been traditionally undersampled, are also critical to improve our understanding of the processes that govern the ocean circulation, its impacts on decadal climate variability (including the North Atlantic Cold Blob), and their **predictability**.
- Hence, **sustained observational efforts are essential** to maintain and further develop current climate prediction capabilities







Cornerstones of Climate Prediction



