Impacts and associated previsibility of a persistent NAO forcing

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AGU General Assembly 2019, San Francsico

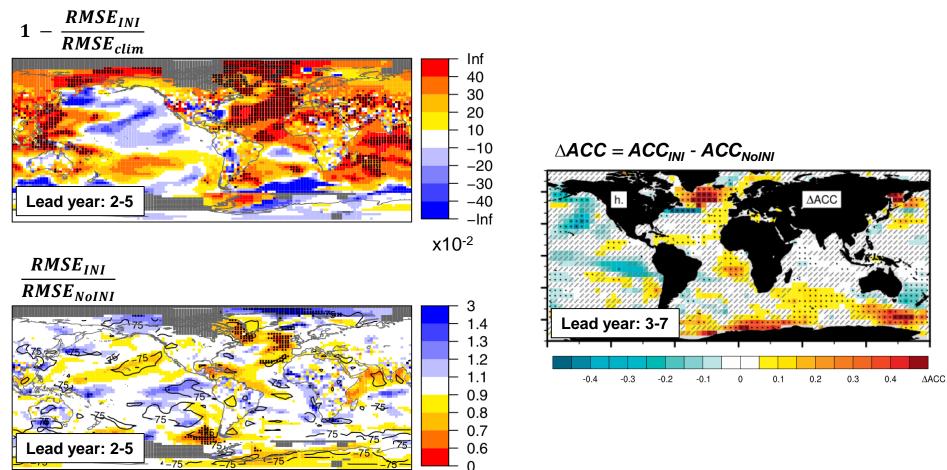




INADEC: H2020-MSCA-800154

North Atlantic Subpolar Gyre (SPG) predictability

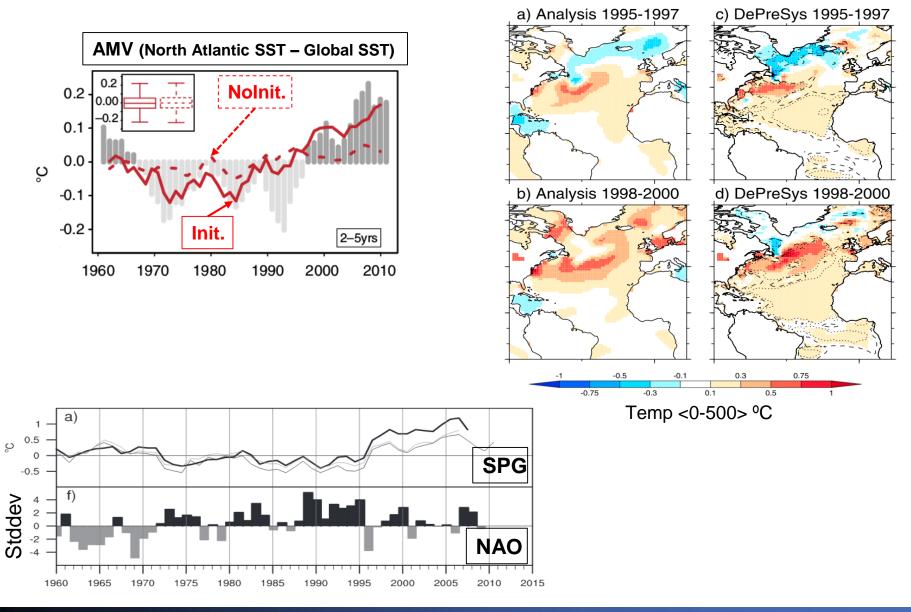
Annual SST / T2m prediction skill score



The North Atlantic subpolar gyre (SPG) is the most predictable region at multi-year timescales

(Doblas-Reyes et al. 2013)

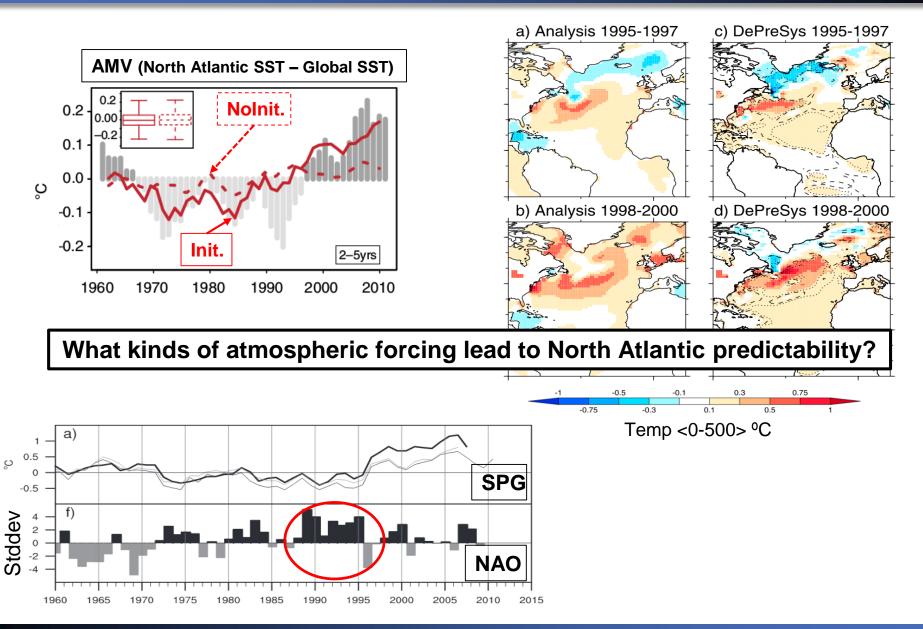
(Yeager et al. 2018)



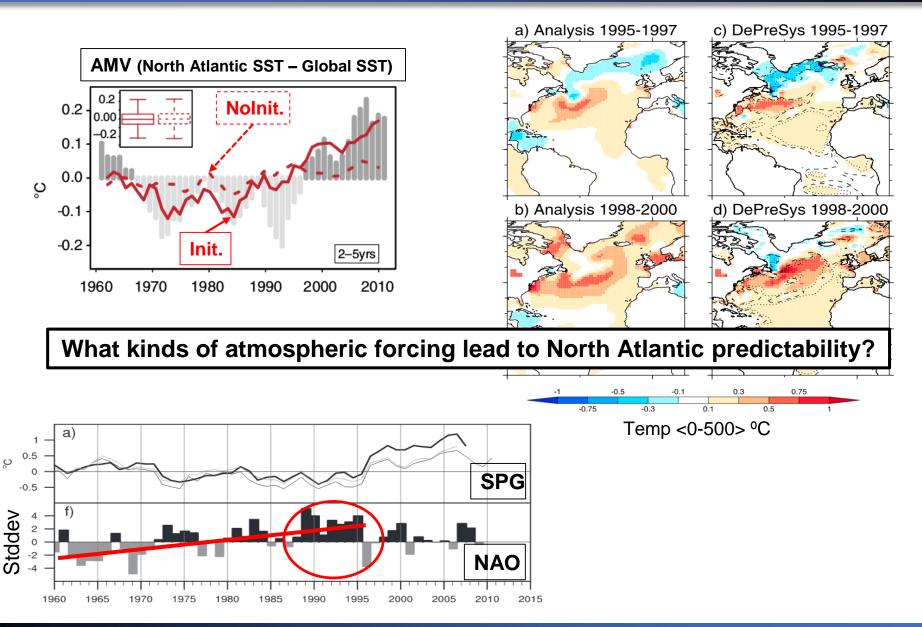
(Doblas-Reyes et al. 2013)

(Yeager et al. 2012)

(Robson et al. 2012)

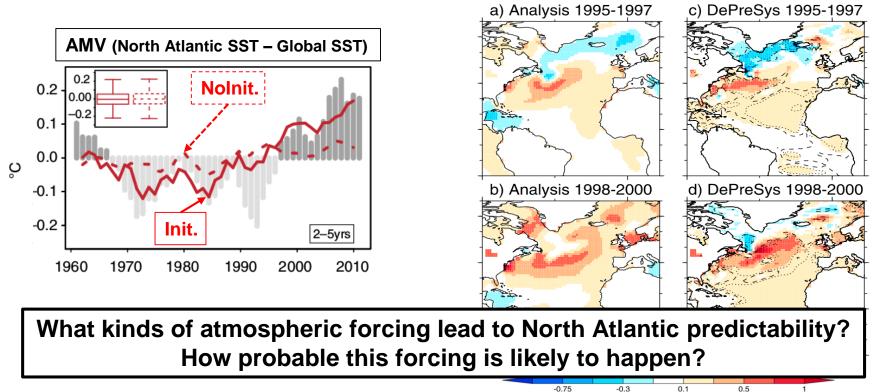


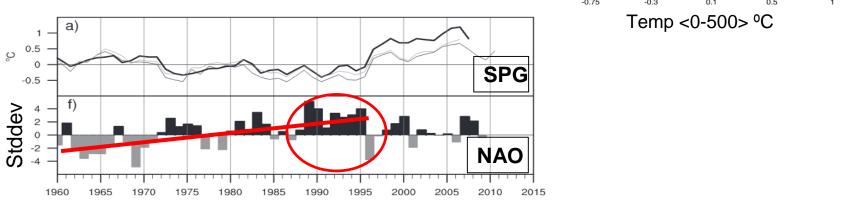
(Yeager et al. 2012)



(Doblas-Reyes et al. 2013)

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This study:

<u>Proposal</u>: North Atlantic Oscillation (NAO) drives North Atlantic SPG variability</u>

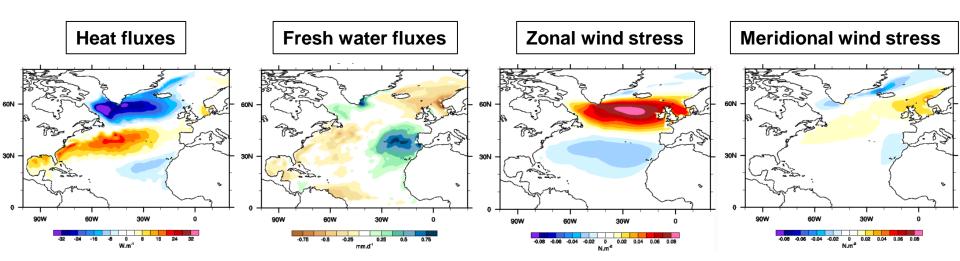
Questions:

- Do models confirm such link?
- What kind of NAO forcing leads to predictable oceanic response?

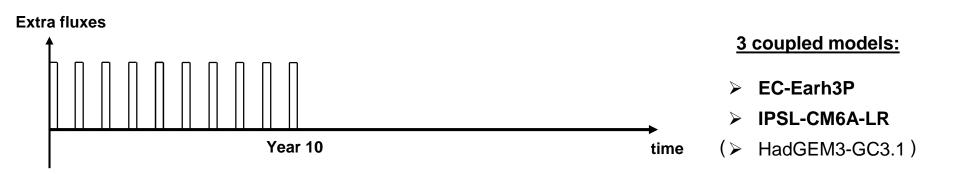
<u>Method</u>: evaluate climate response in idealized persistent NAO forcing simulations

The idealized NAO Experiments

Regression of surface fluxes from ERA-Interim on DJFM Hurrell NAO:

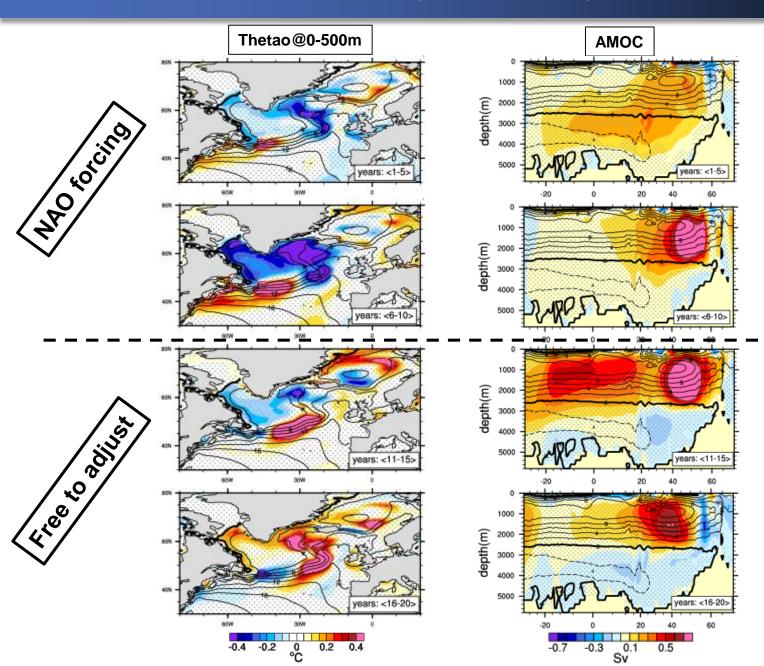


On top of free model coupling surface fluxes, addition of observed NAO fluxes 30-yr long simulations: extra forcing for 10 years, model adjusts for remaining 20 years.

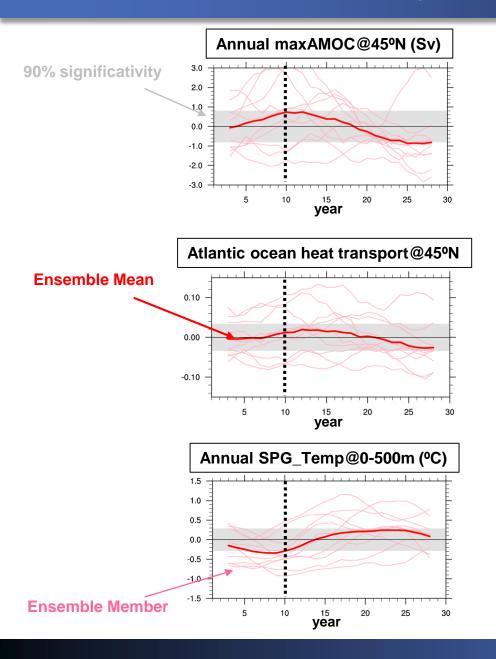


Similar design as in Delworth et al. (2016) and Kim et al. (2019)

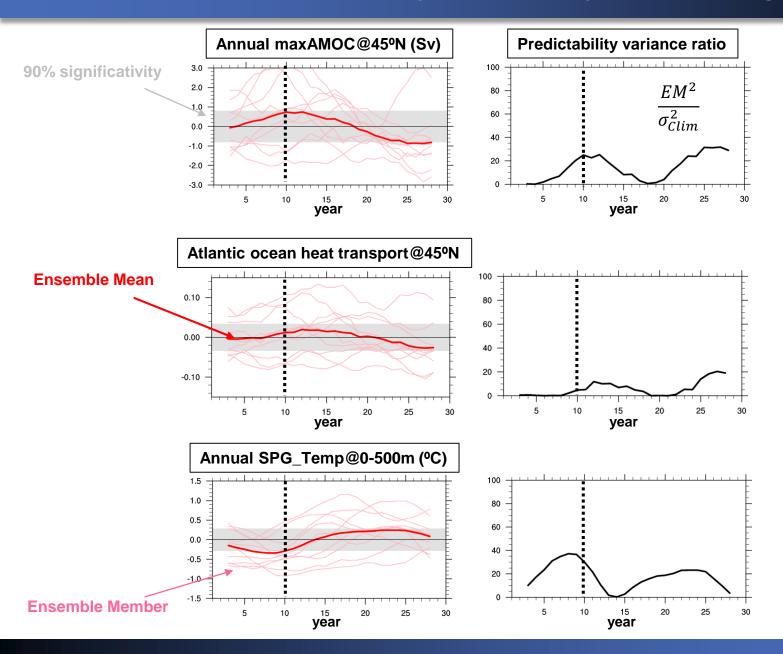
IPSL-CM6A-LR response to 10-yr NAO forcing



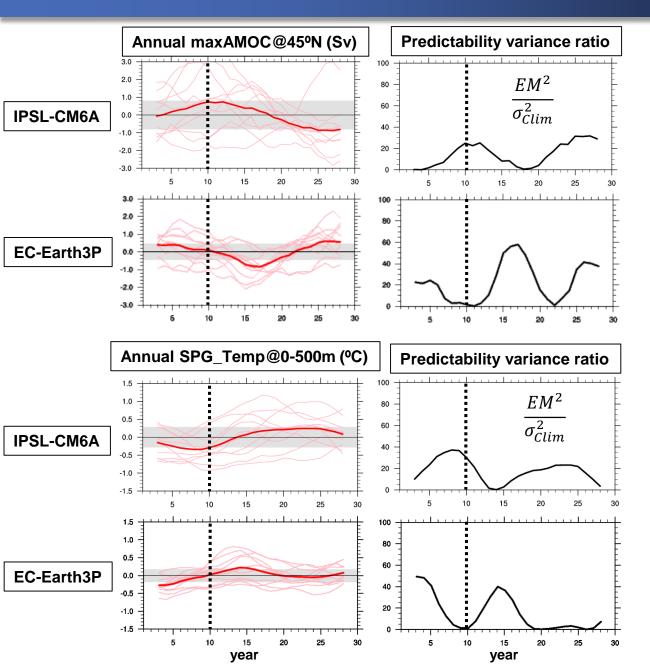
IPSL-CM6A-LR response to 10-yr NAO forcing



IPSL-CM6A-LR response to 10-yr NAO forcing

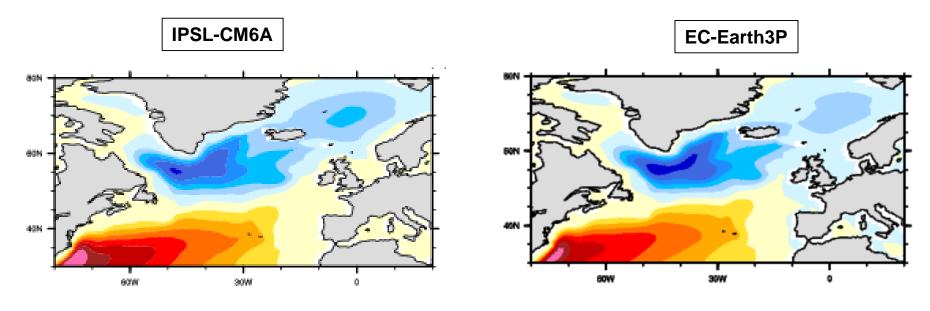


IPSL-CM6A-LR vs EC-Earth3P response to 10-yr NAO forcing



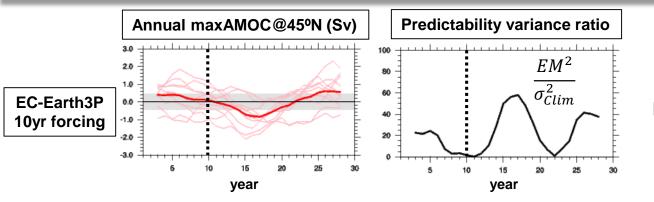
IPSL-CM6A-LR vs EC-Earth3P response to 10-yr NAO forcing

Climatological Barotropic streamfunction



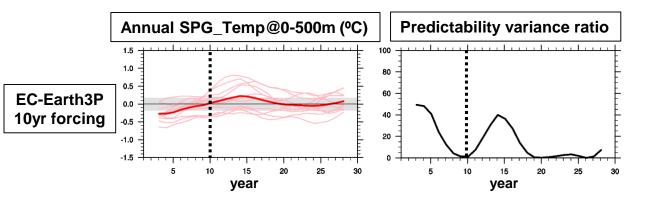


EC-Earth3P response to 10-yr vs 5-yr NAO forcing

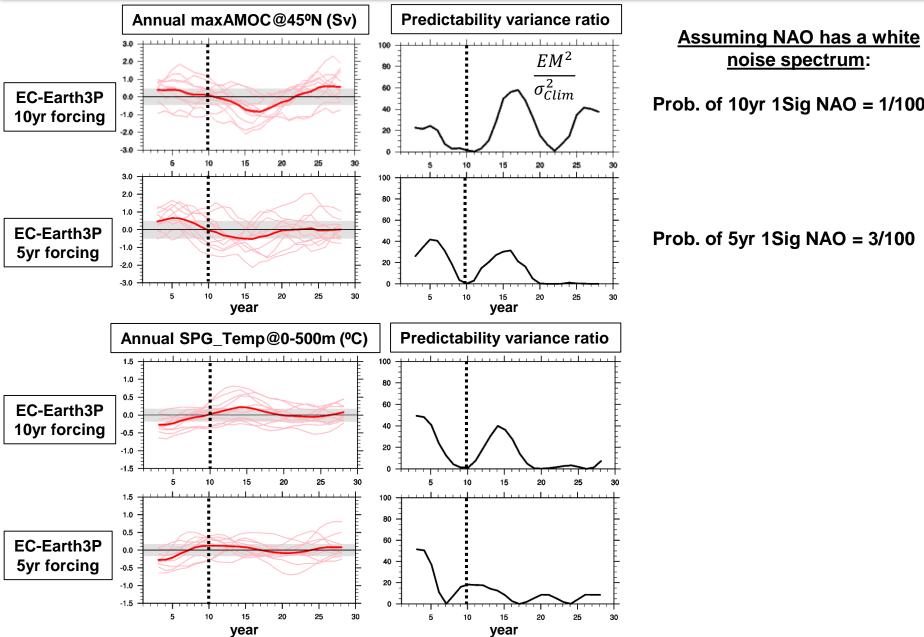


Assuming NAO has a white noise spectrum:

Prob. of 10yr 1Sig NAO = 1/1000



EC-Earth3P response to 10-yr vs 5-yr NAO forcing



noise spectrum:

Prob. of 10yr 1Sig NAO = 1/1000

Prob. of 5yr 1Sig NAO = 3/100

Summary

Adding observed NAO+ surface fluxes for 10 years in IPSL-CM6A-LR and EC-Earth3P:

- > Both models simulate a warming trend of the SPG HC500 following the forcing
- > Timing of the warming trend not the same between the 2 models
- Explained 40% (20%) of the SPG HC500 variance 5 (15) years later in EC-Earth3P (IPSL-CM6A-LR)
- Warming driven by an increase of the AMOC@45°N, which is more predictable than the heat transport increase
- Dividing by 2 the length of the NAO forcing divides by 2 the amplitude of the SPH HC500 response
- > To continue with HadGEM3, and to compare with DCPP-A prediction skill...

Thank you!