





R tools user meeting

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Icebreaker



Agenda

- 1. Icebreaker: A little interaction
- 2. Package update
 - startR
 - CSTools release status
 - ClimProjDiags release
- 3. Package kableExtra (Nicola)
- 4. Indices in s2dv (Carlos)
- 5. Q&A



Package update



startR

- The time attribute was corrected for different calendar types (e.g., '360_day', '365_day', and 'standard').
 Before, Start() only considered the standard (i.e., gregorian) calendar.
- Find the calendar in metadata: str(attributes(attr(data, 'Variables')\$common\$time))
- We're working on decadal prediction data retrieval by Start().
 - Different sdate and ftime
 - Different calendar
 - Different file amount
 - o etc.



CSTools

Highlights:

- Data Storage and retrieval vignette
- PlotMostLikelyQuantileMap vignette
- CST_MultiMetric includes 'rpss' metric

Under-review:

- downscaling analog functions using predictors (AEMET) [Fortran]
- ADAMONT downscaling method
- CST_Analogs fixes

Visit NEWS in master branch to see the list of all fixes and new developments: https://earth.bsc.es/gitlab/external/cstools/-/blob/master/NEWS.md



ClimProjDiags

Version 0.1.1 was:

- Submitted to CRAN
- On CRAN: https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=ClimProjDiags
- Installed in WS and Nord3

News:

- License Apache 2.0

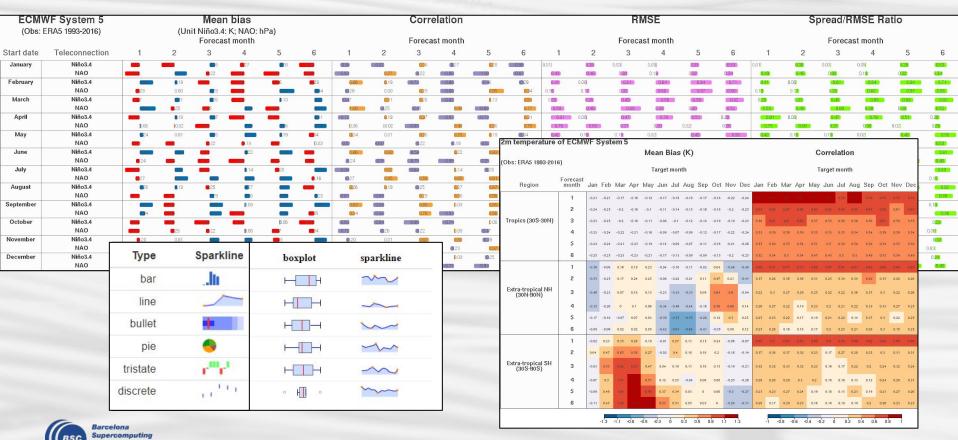
-



Package kableExtra



Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

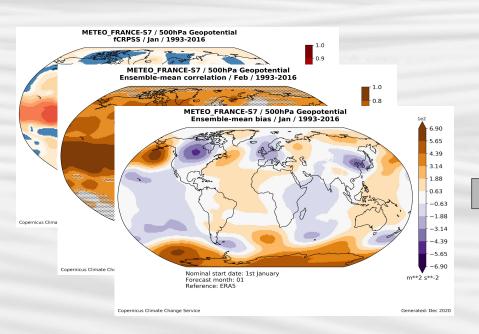


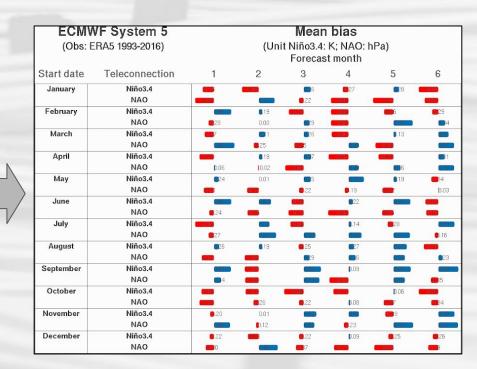
```
table.html <- kbl(table, escape = F, col.names = my.col.names, align = rep("c", n.columns))
input matrix or data frame
table format

output figure in HTML or LaTeX

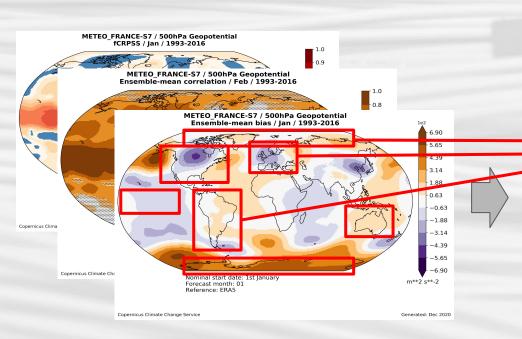
save_kable(table.html, file = "~/figure.png")</pre>
```

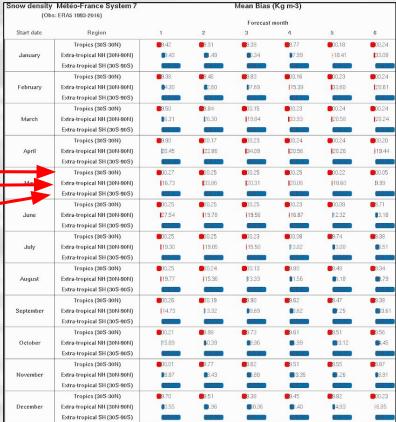






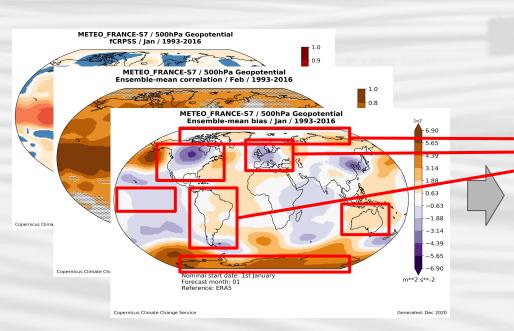








kableExtra + formattable



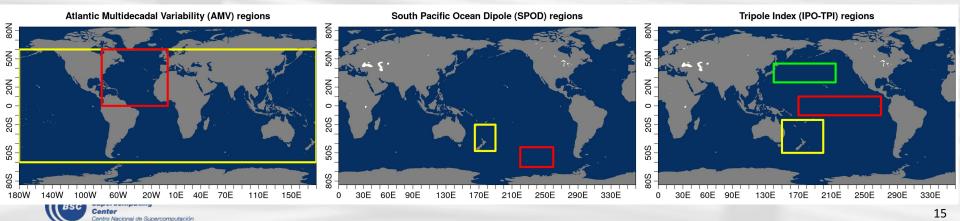
ow density Météo-France System 7 (Obs: ERAS 1993-2016)		Mean Bias (Kg m-3) Forecast month					
(ODS: EIVO 1885-2016)							
Start date	Region	1	2	3	4	5	(
	Tropics (30S-30N)	8 9.42	8 9.31	8 9.39	8 9.77	●00.18	
January	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	■9.43	.49	■6.34	₿7.99	10.41	1
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)			(In 17			
	Tropics (30S-30N)	■9.38	6 9.46	6 9.83	6 00.16	■00.23	
February	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	●4.30	■2.60	₿7.69	115.39	1 33.60	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)			GID 1110		406,100	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	■9.50	@ 9.84	0 00.15	6 00.23	■00.24	
March	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	■6.31	P6.30	119.84	33.93	20.58	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)	(26.13)			(E6.15.)	(161120	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	8 9.90	6 00.17	0 00.23	6 00.24	■00.24	
April	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	₽0.45	22.86	34.09	20.56	20.26	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)					415000	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	0 00.27	■00.25	0 00.25	■00.25	■00.22	
May	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	116.73	133.86	20.31	20.06	18.60	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)				(845-846)	(CS-SP)	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	0 00.25	6 00.25	0 00.25	6 00.23	●00.08	6
June	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	27.54	119.78	19.56	 16.87	12.32	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)	8571		(Section 1)		(III) 543	
July	Tropics (30S-30N)	6 00.25	■00.25	0 00.23	8 00.08	8 9.74	
	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	119.30	119.05	15.50	13.82	■3.00	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)	GIRLS .	#100019	(E5 E4)	#15.578	665-68B	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	■00.25	0 00.24	6 00.13	8 9.80	8 9.49	
August	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	119.77	 15.36	13.33	1.56	1.18	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)		(IIII)	(1.5.57)		(0.5.B)	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	■00.26	6 00.19	9 .90	69.62	9 .47	
September	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	114.73	13.32	₿9.69	■8.62	■7.25	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)		415.040			415.800	
	Tropics (30S-30N)	0 00.21	8 9.98	8 9.73	8 9.61	■9.51	
	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	15.09	₿0.39	■8.96	■6.99	3.12	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)	(85.50)	(85.64)	(ES-84)	(200 EU B)	(115:15)	
November	Tropics (30S-30N)	6 00.01	9 3.77	3 .62	@ 9.51	9 .55	
	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	₿8.87	■8.43	■.88	3.35	■.26	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)						
	Tropics (30S-30N)	9 .70	■9.51	■9.38	■9.45	■9.82	
	Extra-tropical NH (30N-90N)	00.55	■.96	■0.36	■.40	04.93	
	Extra-tropical SH (30S-90S)	615 B40	(0.6.899)	(16 m)		000.030	





Documentation: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/s2dv/s2dv.pdf

- AMV (Atlantic Multidecadal Variability; Trenberth and Dennis, 2005)
- SPOD (South Pacific Ocean Dipole; Saurral et al., 2020) -> related to ENSO and IPO
- TPI (Tripole Index for the Interdecadal Pacific Oscillation; Henley et al., 2015)
- **GMST** (Global Mean Surface Temperature) -> tas over land and tos over ocean
- GSAT (Global Surface Air Temperature) -> tas over the whole globe



```
Usage: AMV(data, data_lats, data_lons, type, mask = NULL, indices_for_clim = NULL, monini = 11, lat_dim = "lat", lon_dim = "lon", fmonth_dim = "fmonth", sdate_dim = "sdate", year_dim = "year", month_dim = "month", member_dim = "member")
```

Arguments:

- data: A numerical array with data, at least, over the whole region needed to compute the index.
 - type = "dcpp" → dim(data) = c(lat_dim, lon_dim, fmonth_dim, member_dim)
 - type = "hist" → dim(data) = c(lat_dim, lon_dim, year_dim, month_dim, member_dim)
 - type = "obs" → dim(data) = c(lat_dim, lon_dim, year_dim, month_dim)
- data_lats: A numeric vector indicating the latitudes of the data.
- data_lons: A numeric vector indicating the longitudes of the data.
- **type**: Either "dcpp" (decadal predictions), "hist" (historical simulations), or "obs" (observations).
- mask: Either an array with c(lat_dim, lon_dim) dimensions with 0's in the grid points that have to be masked or NULL (no mask is used).
- indices_for_clim: Either a numeric vector with the indices to compute the climatology, NULL to use the whole period, or FALSE if data is already anomalies.
- monini: An integer indicating the month in which the forecast system is initialised. (11 = November)



Examples:

```
type = "obs" (observations or reanalyses)
     obs \leftarrow array(1:100, dim = c(year = 5, lat = 19, lon = 37, month = 12))
     lat <- seq(-90, 90, 10)
     lon < -seq(0, 360, 10)
     index obs <- AMV(data = obs, data lats = lat, data lons = lon, type = 'obs')
type = "hist" (historical simulations)
     hist \leftarrow array(1:100, dim = c(year = 5, lat = 19, lon = 37, month = 12, member = 5))
     index hist <- AMV(data = hist, data lats = lat, data lons = lon, type = 'hist')
type = "dcpp" (decadal predictions)
     dcpp < -array(1:100, dim = c(sdate = 5, lat = 19, lon = 37, fmonth = 24, member = 5))
     index_dcpp <- AMV(data = dcpp, data_lats = lat, data_lons = lon, type = 'dcpp', monini = 1)
```



Q & A

Next meeting: 5th Feb. 2021 (Friday 4pm)

